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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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BERLIN 'BLITZED' BY ROOSEVELT DISCLOSURE

Kher And Desai Released

Balasaheb Hints He Is Ready To Go Back To Jail

(From Our Correspondent).
POONA, Tuesday.

Mr. B. G. Kher, the ex-Premier of Bombay, and Mr. Morarji Desai the ex-Revenue Minister were released from Yeravda jail this evening.

It is understood that they got orders of their release at 6-30 p.m. They came out of jail at 8-30 p.m. and proceeded direct to Poona station and left by train for Bombay. They were seen off at the station by Mr. Devgiriker, Mr. Haribhau Joshi, Mr. G. A. Deshpande, and Mrs. Thuse M.L.A.

Mr. Kher was arrested on November 24, last year at Khar. Mr Desai was arrested on November 20, 1940, at Ahmedabad. Their arrests took place under the Defence of India Rule 129.

Taken Unawares

Messrs. B. G. Kher, ex-Premier, and Morarji Desai, ex-Revenue Minister of Bombay who were taken unawares by the release orders at the Yeravda Central prison this evening, left for Bombay by the Poona Passenger at 15 minutes past midnight.

Greeted by me at the railway station, they expressed surprise at their sudden release and humorously narrated the story of how hurriedly they had to pack up their things. They looked cheerful.

They were brought to the railway station from Yeravda in a tonga and were given third class tickets for Bombay.

It is understood that Mr. Kher has informed the President of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee that he would report himself for further orders within seven days as required by the newly-amended Satyagraha pledge.

RAJAJI LEAVES FOR BOMBAY

WARDHA, Oct. 28.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Dr. Rajendra Prasad and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel held further talks with Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon.

Mr. Rajagopalachari is leaving this evening for Bombay from where he proceeds to Delhi. Pandit Pant leaves to-morrow for Allahabad, where he is expected to meet Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in the Naini Jail.—A. P

BHULABHAI IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, October 28.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, leader of the Congress Party in the Central Legislative Assembly, arrived here from Bombay this evening.

He was given a reception by local Congressmen and was profusely garlanded. Some members of the Legislative Assembly were also present at the station to receive him including Mr. K. Santanam, Mr. Asaf Ali and Lala Deshbandhu Gupta, M.L.A. (Punjab).

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai is still very weak and had to be carried in a chair from the platform to his car.—A.P.

MUNSHI FOR LAHORE

NEW DELHI, Oct. 28:—Mr. K. M. Munshi former Home Minister, Bombay Government, passed through Delhi 'en route' to Lahore by the frontier mail. He was met by a number of Congress workers at the Delhi Railway Station.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

HITLER RECEIVES TURKISH GENERALS

BERLIN, Oct. 28.

It is announced that Hitler has received at his Headquarters the Turkish Generals, Ali Fuad and Hussein Erkilet, who are returning from a tour of inspection of the Eastern Front. They also visited Field Marshal von Brauchitsch and Field Marshal Keitel.—Reuter

NAZI FIGHTER SHOT DOWN.

WASHINGTON, October 28.

Asked whether Japan had notified the United States that was useless to continue Japanese-American discussions on a possible settlement of the Far East discussion unless some agreement was reached by November 15th, Mr. Cordell Hull told the pressmen that he had received no notification to that effect.—Reuter.

Aney Faces Fire On Atlantic Charter

STICKS TO CHURCHILL-AMERY LINE

Takes Copious Notes Of Jinnah's Walk-Out Oration

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
NEW DELHI, October 28.

The walk-out of the Muslim League Party today from the Assembly as a protest against Government's policy was watched quietly by official members opposite—though Mr. Aney was seen vigorously taking notes on Mr. Jinnah's speech.

According to lobby comment little is now left of the representative character of the Assembly for out of 89 elected Indian members, as many as 66—40 Congress 26 Muslim League—comprising both major parties have boycotted the Assembly.

Only 23 Out Of 89!

This leaves only 23 elected Indians left in the house including 11 Nationalists. The newly formed. Independent group has 10 members both elected and nominated but, as two members M. Kazmi and Sir A. H. Ghaznavi have already resigned and more may follow, the future of the party is not clear.

The official 'bloc' consists of 20, to whom has to be added 19 nominated non-officials and nine non-official Europeans.

It is understood, Nationalists will consider at to-morrow's meeting, whether they should continue to sit in the Legislature.

INTERPELLATIONS

NEW DELHI, Oct. 28.

Mr. M. S. Aney, Leader of the House, faced a barrage of questions and supplementaries in the Assembly this morning on the Atlantic Charter and Mr. Churchill's statement on the question of its application to India.

Sir A. H. Ghaznavi asked whether the part of the declaration that "they respect the right of all peoples to choose the form of Government under which they will live" applied to India.

Mr. Aney said: The application of this part of the declaration to India has been fully expounded in statements by the Prime Minister and the Secretary of State for India which have been reproduced in the Press.

Sir A. H. Ghaznavi: I want a straight answer to the question whether this applies to India or not.

Mr. Aney said that the questioner could read the Prime Minister's statement and that of the Secretary of State for India and draw his own inference.

"SAY YES OR NO"

Mr. Joshi asked for an answer yes or no.

Mr. Aney said he could not add anything to what had been stated by the Prime Minister.

Sardar Sant Singh: Has the Government of India raised any objection to the statement of the Prime Minister?

No reply was given.

Mr. Lalchand Navalrai asked i the leader of the House would give the House any idea as to the attitude of the Government o India whether they approved of the Prime Minister's statement or not. Pandit L. K. Maitra asked if the Government of India had applied their mind to this question.

AGAINST PUBLIC POLICY

Mr. Aney was heard to say, it was against public policy to say anything further on the subject.

Sardar Sant Singh: May I know whether the Government of India feels comfortable after the Prime Minister's statement?

Mr. Aney: Comfort or discomfort is felt only by individuals and not by bodies or corporations.

To further questions on the same subject put by Mr. Lalchand Navalrai Mr. Aney reiterated he had nothing to add to statements made by the Prime Minister and the Secretary of State.

SCOPE OF ATLANTIC CHARTER

Sardar Sant Singh: Is it a fact that that the Prime Minister's declaration is that the Atlantic Charter applies only to those countries overrun by Hitler?

Mr. Aney: It is open to the Hon member to draw his own inference.

Sardar Sant Singh: Does it mean that if Hitler overruns India the Atlantic Charter will apply? (laughter).

Sir Henry Gidney: If the Atlantic Charter applies to India, what part of India would it apply to?

Sardar Sant Singh: Anglo-India (loud laughter).

ON HODSON'S APPOINTMENT

Replying to Sardar Sant Singh's questions, on the appointment of Mr. Hodson, Mr. Aney said the appointment was made by the Governor-General in his discretion as a member of his Secretarial Staff under Section 305 of the Government of India Act, in order to assist him in connection with constitutional developments in India and particularly to assist in preparing the way for a revision of the whole constitutional position after the war. The appointment was made in the light of the announcement of Viceroy on August 8, 1940 that His Majesty's Government desired to see a body of representative of the different elements in India's national life devise the framework of her postwar constitution, and it in no way traversed this policy. The "appointment was made by the Governor-General in his discretion, and I am unable to answer questions relating to his selection for the post.'

Pandit Maitra asked if Mr. Hodson was an Indian or European (laughter).

Sardar Sant Singh asked if it was not correct that the August Declaration was that the future constitution was to be framed by

(Continued on page 7)

RESIGNS FROM WAR COMMITTEE

Businessman's Protest Against Government Policy

MADRAS, Oct. 28.

Mr. P Ramachandra Reddi, A prominent businessman of Chitoor, in a letter to the Collector resigning his membership of the Chitoor District War Committee, published in the "Hindu", stated that he had helped the Government in their war efforts and had himself invested one lakh of rupees in interest-free war bonds in the belief that Britain, while obtaining all this help from Indians, would be led into a change of heart in its treatment of India, and more towards making her an equal partner in its commonwealth."

But the various parliamentary statements and the implication of the Atlantic charter as recently expounded. he stated, had led him to resign from the War Committee and join the Indian National Congress.—A. P.

BRAIN FEVER AT WILHELMSTRASSE

U. S. President Called "Cowardly Jackal"

FILTHY ABUSE HURLED

LONDON, October 28.

Official Berlin is livid with rage judging by the violence of its commentaries on President Roosevelt's Navy Day speech. The German radio in a broadcast for internal consumption called the President "a cowardly jackal" and "a ridiculous puppet in the hands of international jewry." His speech, listeners were told, was the "vilest yet."

On the other hand a semi-official statement issued through the German News Agency roundly declares that the speech "exceeds in shamelessness, vulgarity and brazenness anything yet dished out to a modern nation." It goes on to say that "utterances of fools do not receive official denial; reaction to his speech cannot be political, but medical or in the realm of criminal investigation."

Regarding the German map of South and Central America referred to by the President, the Wilhelmstrasse told Foreign pressmen that "President Roosevelt and his advisers must have been studying maps showing the imperialistic designs of the United States South America. President Roosevelt cannot bring a host (ghost?) of proof of his assertions. The map he is thinking of must be one showing the proposed American bases in South America or the air lines they wish to establish."—Reuter.

Roosevelt's Shake Up To Remaining Citadels Of Isolationism

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.

President Roosevelt's speech provided a sharp reminder to Congress that the President wants the abolition of the prohibition on American ships entering belligerent ports. The President's disclosure about Nazi plans for South America will more than serve to remind the South America nations that unity against Hitlerism is essential.

It will undoubtedly startle many Americans here into a realisation of the far-reaching nature of Hitler's world plans. It constitutes also a necessary warning to Labour and Management that industry is an essential part of total defence and that goods for delivery to Britain, Russia and other nations have got to be produced in ever increasing quantities.

There was little in the speech directly for Japanese consumption though, doubtless, his reference to the expanding navy and emphasis on its orders to shoot will not be lost on Tokyo.

While the speech scarcely paves the way for a full declaration of war, it is thought here that it might be a prelude to severance of diplomatic relations with Germany on some suitable occasion in the near future, especially after Mr. Hull's recent statement: "You don't send Notes to pirates".

It is too early to judge the national reaction to the speech, but in Washington it is considered a fiery and stirring pronouncement which will resound in the far corners of the country and shake some of the remaining citadels of isolationism.—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT'S WARNING TO HITLER

Speech On Navy Day Is Also Clarion Call To Americans

LONDON, Oct. 28.

President Roosevelt's speech on Navy Day was at once a clarion call to the American people to be prepared, it was a warning to Hitler that he cannot reckon on his imagined supineness of the American nation and it was a renewed message of encouragement and pledge of help to peoples suffering from or struggling against Nazi oppression, writes Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

The revelation in his speech of German designs in South and Central America and for a new world order in the matter of religions coming from such an authoritative source must command the serious attention of men who are free to think and judge for themselves. Having promised full support to the Allies, no risk will deter the American people from seeing that they get all that America can give.—Reuter.

Big Russian Offensive In Central Sector

KRONSTADT BATTERIES SPRING SURPRISE

Fierce Battle For Kharkov: Huge Nazi Toll In Crimea

LONDON, October 28.

Authoritative circles here considered to-day that the fact that there has not been much movement on the Eastern Front within the last few days is a favourable sign.

The Germans in the south are possibly some ten or fifteen miles from Rostov and the nearest point they have reached in their attack upon Moscow is thirty to forty miles from that city.

SEVERE SOVIET COUNTER-ATTACK

A very severe "Soviet attack against the German bridgehead" in the Central Sector of the Front is admitted by German radio this afternoon

The radio says that the Soviet attack was supported by tanks, but was repelled with bloodly losses to the Soviet. Several tanks were destroyed, the radio adds.

NAZIS PAY HEAVY TOLL

The Germans have lost 25,000 men in killed and wounded in five days' fighting for the Crimea, according to the Moscow radio tonight. In their first unsuccessful offensive against Crimea the Germans lost 30,000 men in killed and wounded between September 24 and October 1.

Referring to the Moscow Front the announcer said that since October 12th Soviet planes operating in the Orel Sector (south of the Capital), had destroyed 400 transport lorries, dozens of mobile petrol tanks and a large number of horsedrawn carts carrying war material.

NAZI PANZER RAIDED

A Soviet midday communique says: "During the night of October 27, our troops fought the enemy in the Mojaisk Maloyaroslavets, Kharkov and Taganrog directions."

A successful raid on German panzer troops was carried out by one of the Soviet air formations operating on the Western Front according to a supplement to the Soviet communique. Thirty-three enemy tanks and over 140 lorries with German infantry were destroyed by direct hits.

In the vicinity of the town "F" a group of Soviet aircraft destroyed over sixty enemy lorries with ammunition and dispersed almost a whole of infantry regimen. bombs and machine-gun. Other Soviet aircraft destroyed 13 German tanks and 35 lorries in the vicinity of the town "F".

INTENSIFIED ATTACK ON KHARKOV

MOSCOW:—The Germans, reinforced by fresh divisions, have intensified their onslaught in the suburbs of Kharkov.

The new offensive is being stubbornly resisted. The suburbs of Kharkov are littered with German dead and smashed tanks. The Germans lost in one day around Kharkov about 3,500 officers and men.

"In the Donetz Basin the pursuit of the retreating enemy is being continued," states a German communique. "German troops yesterday penetrated into Kramatroskaya."

BATTLE OF KHARKOV

Early on Tuesday morning reports from Moscow stated that battles are now taking place in region of Kharkov and the town is threatened

The German command has brought up reinforcements which have strengthened the German attack and caused the Soviet troops to "retreat slightly", says the report.

For three days one Soviet unit has been beating back the German offensive, the report says, and although the several assaults were frustrated, this Russian unit has now retreated by order of the Liaison Commander, having "fulfilled the task of defending an important point."

During the battle of Kharkov the Germans have suffered exceptionally heavy losses, according to the report, amounting in a single day to 3,500 killed and wounded. The battlefield is strewn with bodies of Germans, wrecked tanks and smashed automobiles, says the report.

THIRD PHASE OF ATTACK

The Soviet midnight 'communique' states: "During October 27, our troops fought the enemy in the Majaisk, Maloyaroslavets, Kharkov and Taganrog directions.

The third phase of Hitler's drive against Moscow is developing and the loss of Stalino in the south has been announced, but there is remarkable firmness in the Soviet rear, says Reuter's special correspondent at Kujbyshev.

This is not only true of Kujbyshev, where the work of organising the city as a secondary seat of Government continues steadily, but also of Moscow, according to the latest arrivals here.

In Moscow buses and trams are running normally, cinemas are open and more than 200 new provision shops have been opened in order to deal with the increased food problem.

Rains Cause Difficulties

Anti-tank defences have been built in many streets and civil guards, students and other inhabitants are assisting the construction of an immense system of tank-traps, barricades and trenches on distant outskirts of the capital facing those directions from which the enemy is expected.

Rain, sleet and wind beat down on workers digging trenches and dug-outs in cabbage patches in fields and gardens far across the country-side.

The same rain and sleet are making Hitler's transport on all roads except the metalled highways a question of considerable difficulty.

This is true throughout the central front from the northern marshy regions near Kalinin to the trackless woods and marshy sideroads in the southern sectors in the direction of Tula and Kaluja.

It is understandable why Mar-

(Continued on Page 7)

VATICAN INTERVENES

French Cardinal Sees Pope On Shooting Of Hostages By Nazis

BERNE, Oct. 28.

The Pope received in private audience the French Cardinal Tisserand with whom he held a very long conversation, according to a dispatch from the Vatican City.

It is reported that the question of the shooting of hostages was discussed. Last week the Holy See charged the Papal Nuncio in Berlin with the task of making a demarche to the German Government in favour of the hostages at Nantes and Bordeaux.

It is understood Cardinal Tisserand informed the Pope of the German decision to suspend the shooting of a further hundred hostages.—Reuter.

ANGLO-SOVIET-IRAN TREATY

Reaffirmation Of Teheran's Sovereignty To Be Included In Pact

LONDON, Oct. 28.

Broadcasting on the Ankara radio Mr. Martin Agronsky, the National Broadcasting Corporation commentator, said that the Anglo-Russian treaty with Iran will be signed in Teheran before the end of this week.

Mr. Agronsky says that he is reliably informed that the Anglo-Russian side of the treaty covers full economic financial help to Iran, full military aid if necessary, a guarantee to withdraw all British and Soviet troops from Iran immediately the international situation warrants such a move, reaffirmation by the British and Soviet Government of Iran's complete sovereignty and independence and promise to inform the Iranian Government beforehand of any Anglo-Russian action which might directly affect Iranian interests. The Iranian side promises full use of all Iranian communications by the Anglo-Russian combination.—Reuter.

MAJESTIES LUNCH WITH CHURCHILLS

LONDON, Oct. 28.

The King and Queen drove from Buckingham Palace to number 10, Downing Street to-day (Tuesday), to lunch with the Prime Minister and Mrs. Winston Churchill.

It was the first occasion on which Their Majesties have been guests of the Churchills at number 10. The King and Queen went alone without an equerry or a lady in waiting. Though the royal visit to number ten had been kept a secret, a big crowd cheered Their Majesties when they arrived.—Reuter.

GRAND MUFTI IN ITALY

(From Our Correspondent)
LONDON Oct. 28.

The Grand Mufti arrived in Italy.

It is understood that after a period of rest, he will be sent out by Mussolini to visit the Muslim countries in the Italian Empire—Libya and Albania are the only Muslim countries under Italy

It is further understood that the Grand Mufti will meet for the first time ex-King Amanullah of Afghanistan.

Britain Recognises Syrian Independence

LONDON, Oct. 28.

The King has telegraphed congratulations and good wishes to the President of the Independent Syrian Republic, Sheik Taj Eddin-al-Hassani.

This constitutes the formal recognition by the British Government of Independent Syria as proclaimed by Gen. Catroux on September 27 last.—Reuter.

BIRTH OF A MONSTER!

(From Our Correspondent).
ALLAHABAD: Oct. 28.

A report received from Gorakhpur states that a woman gave birth to a double-monster (dipygus) with four separate legs, two hips, two separate abdomens, four arms, a single twisted thorax, an abnormally big single head with a well-formed and comparatively small face with pairs of eyes and ears, one nose, one mouth and small thin hair on the scalp.

Thousands of men and women flocked to see this strange freak of Nature. The baby died after a brief life. Handsome offers are made for the dead body, but the parents have refused to part with it. The body was burnt at the banks of river Tapti. A huge crowd accompanied the funeral procession.

GENERAL WAVELL IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, October 28.

His Excellency General Sir Archibald Wavell, Commander-in-Chief of India, has arrived in Calcutta.—A. P.

ALL QUIET IN CITY TO-DAY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

No untoward incident of any kind has been reported in the city since this morning.

The police have not relaxed their vigilance. Nearly 100 arrests have been effected for breach of curfew order or for carrying lethal weapons in various parts of the city.

Our Tabulated Adlets

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CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

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BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responbility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

M.T.B. College, Surat—Applications stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary for the posts of (1) Lecturer in French and English, who must be at least M.A., and (2) Demonstrator in Physics who must be B.Sc. with Principal Physics should reach the Principal before 10th November. (6302)

Wanted really first-class Cooks and especially Mugs and also Goanese. Ordinary Cooks need not apply. Apply stating particulars and terms to The Comptroller of the Household, Palace, Bikaner. (6386)

Wanted an Honorary Dental Surgeon for the Nair Hospital Dental College. For conditions please see the Dean. (15256)

Wanted: Candidates For Station Master and Signaller's course, scholarship Rs. 50 and Railway fare terms. Free quarter. Apply with 2 annas stamps to The Director All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (14756)

Wanted—Branch Manager for "Royal and Rankin's", New Branch to be opened at Bombay Town, on Rs. 100—5—200 plus Bonus to successful persons. Bright prospect Cash Security Rs. 10,000/- essential. Preference to Homoeopathic practitioners. Apply to the American Research Homoeopathic Society Ltd., No. 6, Hare Street, Calcutta. (6332)

Applications are invited from influential and experienced persons for the posts of Branch Managers for Branch Offices to be opened at Bombay and Poona, and for the posts of District Superintendents. Applicants will be granted personal interview by the General Manager Mr. K. S. Ramamurthi M.A., who will be touring the area. Chief Agencies will also be considered. Apply to: The Indo-Union Assurance Co., Ltd., The Indo-Union Buildings, 106, Armenian Street, G. T. Madras. (6377)

117. MOTOR CAR FOR SALE

For Sale: Chevrolet 1 1/2-ton Lorry (1935 Model) with covered body. Apply Box No. 6384 "Bombay Chronicle."

118. MOTOR CARS WANTED

Wanted Four Seater Cars in perfect running order Austin preferred. Apply Box No. 6382 "Bombay Chronicle."

141 EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Test Your English. Improve it. Oral/postal training. Free test. Bombay Tutorial College, Kavarana Building, Dhobi Talao. (15276)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS.

Kaya Kalpa Treatment undergone by Pandit Malviyaji, may now be practised by any one. Those desirous should see Vaidyaraj Prabhashanker Ratanji, Ghatkopar (15272)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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PUBLIC NOTICE.

ATTENTION OF MOTOR OWNERS is invited to clause 14 of the India Motor Spirit Rationing Order, 1941, according to which a person to whom coupons have been issued or to whom coupons have been transferred under clause 13 of the said rules is required within 7 days to deliver up at the Office or place from which the coupons were obtained, all coupons which remain unused during the period for which they were issued. As it might be difficult for persons staying in outlying places to come all the way to the Regional Headquarters, they are requested to return the unused coupons to the Area Rationing by REGISTERED POST. If they are handed over personally a receipt from the Officer should be obtained.

E. SHEEHY,
Area Rationing Authority,
Bombay.
(6385)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RAMJI ARJUN and Bai JIVIBAI, wife of the said Ramji Arjun, both of Bombay Hindu inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

That any person or persons having any claim, right, title and interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, easements or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing, to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground together with messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Sonapur Lane, Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 161 square yards or thereabouts both of the Fazandari tenure as well Pension and Tax tenure (the cess in respect whereof has been redeemed) and which are entered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. B/997, New Survey No. 4/8160 and Cadastral Survey No. 602 of Bhlueshwar Division and bearing C Ward No. 3467, Old Street Nos. 14-16 and New Street Nos 19-21 and are bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East partly by the property of Harischandra Trimbuk Kotkar and partly by the property of Balkrishna Sadashiv Vagal, on or towards the West by property of Sonabai, widow of Byramji Dadabhai, on or towards the North by the said Sonapur Lane and on or towards the South by the property of Vejeram Deochand and others.

Dated this 28th day of October, 1941.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(6380)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted:—An English knowing, influential, Selling Agent, with market experience for our products in Bombay on Rs. 60-5-2-100. Cash security Rs. 1,000/- essential. Apply to:- The Rambansi Silk Mills, Bhagalpur. (15252)

Wanted influential agents to purchase Tower Brand washing soaps Cash. Apply the Baku Soap Works Matunga, Bombay 19.. (15115)

341. PARTNERSHIPS WANTED.

With Rs. 15,000/- wanted to join in partnership with existing film-producing concern of Bombay or Poona. Principals may write Box No. 15254 "Bombay Chronicle."

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted on hire or purchase 300 tip wagons, 2 miles line and 10 crossings with accessories complete. Apply Box No. 15251, "Bombay Chronicle."

Sohoni's Confidential Race Tips. Write for particulars promising absolute Secrecy, Sohoni Post Box 12, Poona 2. (15260)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SULLEMAN HAJI AHMED OOMER has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever, is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the East Chowpatty Estate of the Bombay Municipality being Plot Nos. 1 and 2 at Chowpatty Sea Face in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 577 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 8005 and Cadastral Survey No. 1512 of Girgaum Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 2442 (1A) and Street No. 45 and which said premises are bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the land in the occupation of B. B. & C. I. Railway Co. on or towards the West by Chowpatty Sea Face, on or towards the North-West by Plot No. 3 and on or towards the South-West by Queen's Road.

Dated this 27th day of October, 1941.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM &
MADAN
Purchaser's Attorneys.
6381

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Miscellaneous No. 56 of 1941
-and-
I. C. No. 34 of 1939.

In the matter of the INSURANCE ACT IV of 1938,
-and-
In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913,
-and-
In the matter of DAWN OF INDIA LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD., (In Liquidation).

MEETING OF CREDITORS (INCLUDING POLICY-HOLDERS) AND CONTRIBUTORIES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Liquidator will hold a Meeting of the Creditors (including Policy-Holders) in his Office in H.M.'s High Court on MONDAY, 10th November, 1941, at 4-30 P.M. to consider whether a Committee of Inspection shall be appointed to act with the Liquidator and who are to be members of the Committee if appointed, and will also hold a meeting of the Contributories of the abovenamed Company in his said Office on MONDAY, 17th November, 1941, at 4-30 P.M. to consider the decision of the Creditors arrived at at the previous meeting.

B. K. DESAI,
Official Liquidator.
H. M.'s High Court,
Bombay, 24-10-41.
(6378)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTY AT DR. VIEGAS STREET (OLD CAVEL STREET).

Under instructions from Messrs. Thakordas and Co., Attorneys for Bai Trivenibai widow of Champaklal Chotalal and Chandrakant Champaklal the Transferees of Mortgage, and on account and at the risk of Tulsidas Harjivandas and Dwarkadas Harjivandas the mortgagors, Messrs. BENNETT & CO will sell by public auction on FRIDAY the 7th November, 1941 at 4 P.M. (S.T.) the undermentioned property at the premises:—

All that piece of Fazandari land admeasuring about 99 Sq. Yds. with dwelling house, standing thereon, and situate at Cavel St. now known as Dr. Viegas St. bearing Cadastral Survey No. 765 Bhuleshwar division Municipal "C" Ward No. 3891 St. No. 159 and 12 and bounded on the East by property bearing Cadastral Survey No. 764 on the West by No. 766 on the North by a public passage and on the South by No. 755.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the above mentioned Solicitors at No. 38 Nanabhai Lane Fort or the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 1,239 BALES COTTON C. P. NO. 1, BERAR, KHANDESH, BENGAL, KHANDESH JERILA, NIMBADA.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by public auction on WEDNESDAY, the 29th October, 1941 at 2-15 p.m. (S. T.), at Cotton Depot, Sewree near Cotton Exchange room by order of the Insurance Office concerned the abovementioned cotton slightly damaged by fire and water salved from the fire that occurred on the 14th October, 1940, to cotton of Messrs. Dwarkadas & Co.

The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

MENESSE & CO.

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.

Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTY AT LADY JAMSHEDJI ROAD, (GOKHALE ROAD NORTH) AND LANE LEADING TO RAM MARUTI ROAD, DADAR.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO. Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Thatte & Co. Attorneys for Dr. Sitaram Balvant Salvi and Anr. the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Bai Yamunabai the Mortgagor, in pursuance of Mortgage, dated 15th August, 1936, and transfer of Mortgagi dated 30th September, 1939, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immovable Property THIS DAY WEDNESDAY, 29th October, 1941 at 4-30 P.M. (S. T.) on the Premises.

All that piece of Pension and Tax land together with dwelling house and one corrugated iron shed situate at Lady Jamshedji Road, Dadar, containing by admeasurement 507 Square Yards and registered under Cadastral Survey No. 260 of Mahim Division, No. A1, 3A 3A/3966, 4423 assessed under G Ward No. 4234 (1AAA) and Street No. 595 (AAA) and G Ward No. 4234 (AAAA) Street No. 595 (AAAA).

For further Particulars Please apply to Messrs. Thatte & Co., Attorneys for Mortgagees, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.,

2nd WEEK!
GEORGE BERNARD SHAW'S
MASTERPIECE
MAJOR BARBARA
MAJOR BARBARA
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE

EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
GEORGE FORMBY
in his funniest musical comedy
KEEP FIT
KEEP FIT
Songs, Music, Laughter

2nd Demand Week!
REGAL At 3-30 6-30 & 10 p.m.
TYRONE POWER in BLOOD and SAND IN TECHNICOLOR
See TYRONE POWER in the role immortalised by RUDOLPH VALENTINO
On the Silent Screen!
Also LATEST WAR NEWS

SALT in TEA is SWEETER than Sugar!
WHEN? HOW? See 'SWAMI'
स्वामी
ROYAL RELEASE NO.16
ROYAL-JEWEL No. 16
2nd SWELL WEEK
MAJESTIC
Daily one Show at 4 P.M.

Railway-Passengers by Accident—
Marriage Partners by Attraction!
SEE THEM IN
Gharki Laj
Daily at 1, 3-30 & 6-30 p.m.
2nd WEEK at
IMPERIAL

2nd Glorious Week
RANJIT'S Lively Comedy
SASURAL
Directed by: CHATURBHUJ DOSHI
Cast: MADHURI, MOTILAL NURJAHAN.
Daily at 4 p.m. only
OPERA HOUSE

8th RIOTOUS WEEK 8th
MINERVA PRODUCTION
MARK THE CHANGE IN TIMINGS
To-day and Daily at 3-30 p.m.
MINERVA'S HISTORY-MAKING HISTORICAL
SIKANDAR
Directed by: SOHRAB MODI.
UNANIMOUSLY ACCLAIMED AS MINERVA'S 'COLOSSAL CONTRIBUTION
Beyond Compare to the Indian Screen!
NOW SHOWING AT
MINERVA
Lamington Road.
(AN EVERGREEN RELEASE)

The Story of a mother who gave up her life for the happiness of her Son!
is
NATIONAL'S
KASAUTI
Starring:
ROSE—PRAHLAD
VEENA, SUNALINI, SATISH,
Directed by RAMACHANDRA THAKUR, M.A.
Running—3rd Week—at
Pathe
Daily 3 Shows 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

PRAKASH'S Powerful Social
DARSHAN
Now in Second Week
Starring:
PREM ADIB, JYOTI, BHOODO ADVANI, ETC.
at
LAMINGTON
TALKIES.
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
Matinees on Saturday and Sunday at 1 P.M.
Evergreen Release.

Second Stupendous Week!
An Amazing Story of a Lovely Lady.
LAGAN
New Theatres Superb Musical Comedy
with
SAIGAL & KANANBALA
Daily: 4, 6-45, & 9-45 p.m.
FREE LIST ENTIRELY SUSPENDED
CHITRA
Vincent Road—Dadar.

Cuticura

OINTMENT
Cuticura has an almost medical efficacy in arresting itching, irritation and smarting, in drawing out inflammation and soreness and cleaning up skin troubles.
COMFORT FOR ACHING FEET 46

HOW WOMEN CAN WIN MEN AND MEN WIN
Respect of Other Men
Unless two pints of bile juice flow daily from your liver into your bowels, your food decays in your bowels. This poisons your whole body. You get yellow tongue, yellow skin, pimples, dull eyes, bad breath, bad taste, gas, dizziness, headache. You have become an ugly-looking, foul-smelling, sour-thinking person. Everybody wants to run from you.
Laxatives can't help, for they only move out the tail end of your bowels and that doesn't take away the decayed poison.
Only a free flow of your bile juice will stop this decay poison in your bowels. The one mild vegetable medicine which starts a free flow of your bile juice is Carter's Little Liver Pills. No calomel in Carter's. Only fine, mild, vegetable extracts. If you would bring back your personal charm, start taking Carter's Little Liver Pills according to directions today.

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- IN ACTIVE SERVICE SINCE INCEPTION WORKING DAY & NIGHT
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DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
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LAST 2 DAYS!
1000 THRILLS AWAIT YOU!
UNDERGROUND
World's Secret Battlefront!
A WARNER BROS. HIT with JEFFREY LYNN
Philip Dorn • Kaaren Verne • Mona Maris
Directed by VINCENT SHERMAN
Screen Play by Charles Grayson
Story by Edwin Justus Mayer and Oliver H. P. Garrett
A Warner Bros.-First Nat'l Picture

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
('Phone 20422)
Dolores DELRIO Joel McCREA
in RKO-Radio's tempestuous romance in exotic Hawaii—
BIRD OF PARADISE
BIRD OF PARADISE
Also latest WAR NEWS
NEXT FRIDAY:
GINGER ROGERS
in Christopher Morley's
KITTY FOYLE
portraying the NATURAL HISTORY OF A WOMAN!
RKO—Radio Picture.

BREACH OF CURFEW ORDER

Fines Imposed

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Thirty-six cases of breach of the Curfew order and the ban on carrying dangerous weapons came up to-day before the Mazagaon Court. Fines ranging from Rs. 5 to Rs. 30 were imposed on the accused.

One man was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 5 for being in possession of a stick.

Another man who was found with a iron rod was arrested. He stated that he went to protect a man who was about to be beaten. The Police admitted it was so; he was thereupon acquitted.

A man belonging to the Metal Exchange Association was arrested for carrying a big pair of scissors. The Magistrate, acquitting the accused, said that it is an article of utility and not for offence.

A shop-keeper who was found with a knife was fined Rs 10. The accused said that he was cutting a lead sheet.

A seaman who was found with a knife was fined Rs 10. He stated that he was a new man to Bombay and was here only for two days.

Fourteen cases of breach of Curfew and 17 other cases for breaking the Police Commissioner's Order against the carrying and possession of lethal weapons came up before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, this morning.

Fines ranging from Rs. 5 to Rs. 20 with alternative periods of imprisonment varying from three to 15 days, were imposed on fourteen persons for carrying lethal weapons.

Three persons who were arrested in a general round-up in connection with the riots were ordered to be remanded into custody.

An old man who was arrested for carrying a stick was discharged as he used it to support his aged body. The stick was kept in court custody, to be returned after the expiry of the ban on lethal weapons.

A student of the Matriculation class who was arrested last night for carrying a pen-knife to mend pencils, was fined Rs. 5.

CURFEW ORDER 'ULTRA VIRES'?

Mr Mirza, who appeared for an accused arrested for breach of the Curfew order, took objection to the Order issued by the Commissioner of Police. Up to now invariably, he said, the Curfew Orders were issued under Section 144 by the Chief Presidency Magistrate. Recently a notification was issued by the Government empowering the Commissioner of Police to issue the order under Section 144. Mr. Mirza said that this notification was 'ultra vires.'

Third M.B.B.S. Exam. Results

The following Candidates have passed the third M.B., B.S (Supplementary Examination:—

Nos.—16 20 24 28 29 30 33 34 36 38 39 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78.

Passed in Group A only, Nos.—3 7 8.

Passed in Group B only, No.—23.

Actuary Exam. Results

The following are the results of the examinations of the Institute of Actuaries, London, held in May:—

Part I.
No. 11, D. S. Agashe; No. 13, Suresh K. Desai; No. 16, G. P. Patel, No. 66, G. H. Damle.

Part II.
No. 16, V. K. Karandikar; No. 17, V. L. Mutatker.

Part III.
No. 18, M. V. Sohonie.

Part IV.
No. 16, B. R. Patel, No. 18, V. L. Sapre.

Part V
No. 11, G. S. Diwan; No. 13, B. R. Patel, No. 14, G. S. Priolker.

Part VI.
All failed.

Tropical Insurance Co., Ltd.

The Tropical Insurance Company pioneered by the leading lights of the country is now running in its 14th year of working. Its Directors' Report and Audited Accounts for the year 1940 have been published, which show that during the year it received 1620 proposals for Rs. 23,95,757/8 of which 1157 proposals assuring a sum of Rs. 15,60,605 resulted into Policies with an annual premium of Rs. 87,374. The Premium Income for the year under review was Rs. 4,42,696. Interest, Dividends and rents, etc., etc., brought in Rs. 57,894, recording an increase of Rs. 26,666 over the previous year's income of Rs. 31,228. The total revenue income from all sources amounts to Rs. 7,04,960.

Claims arising through death amounted to Rs. 71,436 which recorded a fall of 39.3 per cent, as compared with the last year. The claims remaining unpaid at the end of the year were due to the non-receipt of completed papers. It had business of Fire, Marine, Accident and Miscellaneous Insurance added to its Life business in the middle of 1939

FOR HEALTH & HAPPINESS TAKE
DR. PAUL'S VIM PILLS

Ideal Tonic, Blood Purifier and Scientific Medicine for Nervous Debility or Neurasthenia, Physical or Sexual Weakness, Loss of Strength, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, etc., Dr Paul's Vim Pills are used regularly by Rajas Maharajas, Nawabs, Zamindars, etc. Increase Brain, Nerve and Sexual Power wonderfully. Act like Magic. Price Rs. 2 per Phial of 30 Pills. Sold by All Chemists. Agents:—Chimanlal Chunilal & Co., Princess Street, Bombay

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FURTHER DECLINE IN N. Y. COTTON PRICES

Hedging And Long Liquidation

PROSPECTS OF CONGRESSIONAL DELAY ON 100 PER CENT. PARITY BILL

Bombay: October 28.

On Monday the New York cotton market was again weak on increased selling pressure influenced by prospects of a long Congressional delay on hundred per cent parity Bill and Russian uncertainties.

The Commodity Credit Corporation reports cotton placed on loan upto Oct. 18 totalled 232,000 bales, showing an increase of 42,000 bales since October 14.

PARITY LOAN

Farm Bloc leaders indicated they are willing to accept a compromise on the hundred per cent parity loan if the administration will support the 110 per cent parity price provision of the price Control Bill. Fulmer, the Chairman of the House Agricultural Committee, said he understood President Roosevelt was opposed to the former, but would not oppose the latter and indicated a compromise. Revision of the loan rate to 90 per cent would be acceptable if Roosevelt supports 110 per cent parity price.

A Treasury order effective from the opening this morning prohibits the use of frozen funds of blocked nationals for trading in commodities' futures except for covering short positions and liquidating long positions taken prior to to-day. The Treasury gave no reason for its action.

PRICE CONTROL

The latest American cables suggest the probable establishment of the crop loan at parity levels for 1942 and 1943. By raising the loan rate to this level Federal appropriations for parity payments to farmers will no longer be necessary. As industrial production costs are still rising in the United States, there is every likelihood that the parity figure which is at present 16.99 will move further upwards during the coming months. While Senator Wickard practically offered a ceiling of 110 per cent of parity equivalent to 18.70, farm bloc in Congress is insatiable and clamours for more. New York reports indicate the belief that agriculture will receive special treatment under any form of price control legislation.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York market opened at a decline of 14 pts with March 16.38. There was moderate buying and prices advanced to 16.46, which was the highest level. At this level there appeared hedging, commission house liquidation and New Orleans selling and March declined to 16.25, which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 21 to 27 pts. Spot cotton prices declined 23 pts at 16.35c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also quiet and with increased selling pressure closed at a decline of 27 to 23 pts. Spot cotton prices were reduced 22 pts at 15.86c per lb.

LOCAL MARKET

Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co. state:—On Saturday and Monday Broach advanced from Rs. 217 to Rs. 230, notwithstanding depressing reports from abroad. Why? Interested and invented rumours such as peace, no war in the Far-East and total failure of Indian crop following last few days' heat, President Roosevelt's pronouncement that his foreign policy meant total destruction of Hitlerism and Russo-Japanese clash answered political situation. Now, total failure of Indian crop. Where Probably, the manipulations in Oomra old crop and Dec/Jan deliveries awakened in their dream of "total failure." Poor farmers will be starving whilst the manipulators temporarily gloat over their book profits. April/May Broach squeeze heralded a success but eventually its aftermath proved to be "a mountain of labour producing a small mouse." Similarly, present manipulations in Dec/Jan Oomra based on many flimsical grounds looks unhealthy, particularly with a discount of Rs. 8 for March delivery. It looks most attractive to do straddle by buying Broach and selling March Oomra as further widening between Dec/Jan and March deliveries and heavy arrivals of Oomra next month for which there is practically no demand, will have a rude shock to the applecart of Dec/Jan. Oomra manipulations. Furthermore, cotton plant does not die on heat except a certain amount of the premature opening of bolls. We consider the technical position weak owing to the recent heavy speculative purchases and prefer sales on around present level.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest 16.48—04 (11-30 a.m.); lowest 16.25—27 (3 p.m.).

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Market declined on hedge selling and long liquidation.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: October 27.

December	16.27—26
January	16.03—26
March	16.25—27
May	16.41—26
July	16.51—21
October	16.65—23
Middling Spot	15.83—23

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New Orleans: Oct. 27.

December	16.05—23
January	16.10—23
March	16.30—27
May	16.45—25
July	16.54—26
October	16.81—25
Middling Spot	15.86—22

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: October 27.
11 a.m. Call. Noon Call

December	16.08	16.17
March	16.36	16.45
May	16.52	15.62

N. YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York: October 27.

Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports 19.000 bales.

London Stock Exchange

London: October 27.

The London Stock Exchange was quiet, only easing slightly at closing stages due to the lack of support. Gilt-edgeds fractionally were easier where changed and Home Rails were mostly lower, whilst Industrials moved narrowly, but Breweries were firm; also small improvements in Shippings. Oils were generally steady at somewhat lower levels. Kaffirs were idle. South African Rails recovered initial small losses and Diamonds improved, but Jap. Bonds fell flat upto 3 points lower. Wall-Street market was barely steady.

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS.

Bombay: October 28.

	Rs. a.p.
Groundnuts February—	
Opening	41 8 0
Highest	41 8 0
Lowest	41 8 0
Closing	41 10 5
Cottonseeds January—	
Opening	24 6 0
Highest	25 2 0
Lowest	24 6 0
Closing	24 14 3
Cottonseeds May—	
Opening	39 8 0
Highest	39 13 0
Lowest	39 7 0
Closing	39 13 0

Metal Exchange Quotations

Bombay: October 28.

Copper sheets lb 21—Rs. 97/8, 28—88/12, 35—83/4, 42—87/12, 49-56—86/4

Brass sheets Flag Brand lb. 20-21—Rs. 102, 24—100, 28—98/8, 35—97, 42—96, 49-56—95/8.

Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 54. Rosita Rs. 52. Country make Rs. 44. Pigiead 'B.M.' refined Rs. 53/4 per cwt.

Tin Ingot Pennang Rs. 54/8 per qr.

SETTLEMENT RATES—

Copper sheets Posh 88/4.

Pigiead 'B.M.' Mag 22/8. Tin Ingot Penang Magsar Rs. 53/8.

Market tone:—Steady.

Bombay Metals

Bombay: October 28.

Yellow metal sheet ..... Rs. 95
Copper sheets ..... Rs. 88
Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: October 28.

Following a decline of 27 pts in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 221/8 for Broach A/M delivery owing to skirmish between Japanese soldiers and Soviet Guards, but the market opened very steady at Rs. 226/8 as the Government is not likely to leave cotton-growers in cold. There was moderate bull support and prices improved to Rs. 227 but at this level there was increased selling and prices declined to Rs. 225/4. Scattered covering appeared at the decline and prices steadied at Rs. 226. The market was quietly steady.

There was moderate professional buying and prices advanced to Rs. 228/12, but with renewed selling prices declined to Rs. 226. There was moderate buying and prices improved to Rs. 227/8, but again reacted to Rs. 226/8 and the market closed at 4 p.m. as under:—

BROACH April/May	Rs. 226/12
OOMRA Dec/January	Rs. 191/0
OOMRA March	Rs. 183/8
BENGAL Dec/January	Rs. 147/0
BENGAL March	Rs. 148/8

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F. P. Bales.	1941/42	1940/41
Receipts to date 27-10-41	1276000	1440000
Receipts yesterday 27-10-41	19000	15000
Export to date 25-10-41	253000	284000
Stock at Ports 24-10-41	3308000	2975000
Stock at interior towns do.	2983000	2771000
Quantity in sight 24-10-41	3666000	3558000

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay: October 28.

Bengal Fine	137/40
Berar	166/71
C. P. 1	211/14
C. P. 2	176/79
Khandesh	136/41
Muglai	144/49
Broach	191/96
Broach Low	156/66

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay: October 28.

Wheat January	0 6 9
Wheat May	0 13 0
Linseed May	0 15 6
Groundnut February	4 6 0
Castorseed May	5 4 0
Cottonseed January	1 12 0
Silver 1st settlement	0 6 0
Silver 2nd settlement	0 12 0
Gold 1st settlement	0 3 0
Gold 2nd settlement	0 6 0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: October 27.

		Highest	Lowest	Closing at 4 p.m.
Broach	A/M	230	225 3/4	229
Oomra	D/J	194	189	193 1/2
Oomra	Mar.	186	181 1/2	185 1/4
Bengal	D/J	148	145	147 1/2
Bengal	Mar.	149 1/2	146 1/2	149 1/2

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below New York May 785 cent pts at Ex. 331

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay: October 28.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales 2 days.	Since 1st Septr. This year	Last year
Khandesh	964	964
Central India	1,536	.....
Barsi and Nagar 268	4,630	385
Berar	2,661	23
Central Provinces	3,728	.....
Total Oomras 268	12,719	1,362
Dholeras	9,799	961
N.-W. Provinces	949	.....
Rajputana	18	.....
Sind-Punjab 2,896	36,490	37,190
Broach	4,827	387
Coompta and Dharwar	4,349	8,674
Westerns-Northerns	3,744	9,746
Cocanada		170
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	2,980	58
Total 3,164	75,875	58,538
Arrived by road to 23rd October 1941	7.000	7,000

PEPPER AND GINGER.

Bombay: October 28.

Pepper ready per candy	85 0 0
Pepper Maha Sud 15	84 0 0
Ginger ready	32 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15	23 0 0

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay: October 28.

Linseed May	8 8 0
Wheat January	6 11 6
Wheat May	6 12 3

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: October 28.

Yarn No.	October	December	February
6 1/2s	211	213	214
10 1/2s	237	238	239
20 1/2s	374	366	360
40s	550	555	460

Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s and 40s are nominal.

Yarn And Silk Merchants Quotations

Bombay: October 28.

	Rs. a.p.
64/2 Koru Nissin—	
Spot	36 6 0
October	36 6 0
November	36 11 6
84/2 Koru Nissin:—	
Spot	38 12 0
October	38 12 0
November	39 2 0
62/2 Any—	
Spot	3 8 0
October	3 8 0
November	3 8 9
80/2 Any—	
Spot	3 11 3
October	3 11 3
November	3 12 0
150 Any—	
Spot	2 14 0
October	2 14 6
November	2 15 3

SHIPPING NEWS.

IMPORTS

Bombay: October 28.

12394 bales raw cotton, 589 bags gum, 15 bdls goat skins, 68 bdls hides, 70 nos iron drums, 30151 bdls wet dates, 4336 bags dry dates, 508 bags almonds, 112 bags apricots, 175 pkgs kishmish, 32 bags roses, 365 bags attari, 341 bags commin seed, 176 bags roots 193 bags pomegranates.

Bombay: October 28.

EXPORTS

106 tons pig iron Tata Iron and Steel Co Ltd; 24 bls cotton p'goods M A Mullik and Co; 98 bls cotton pcegoods R Shantilal and Co; 72 bls cotton pcegoods Patel Brothers; 50 bls cotton pcegoods Ralli Bros Ltd; 75 bls skins D Abraham and Co; 24 c/s bristles D Abraham and Co; 15 bales raw wool A Phiroz and Co; 10 bls raw wool E Manzi and Co; 200 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros Ltd.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London: October 27.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£59 1/2
Indian Stocks—	£
3 per cent 1948	90 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	98 3/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	82 7/16
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	106 7/16
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	104 7/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	114 1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	113 1/2
Chartered Bank of I.A. & China	9 3/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London register)	73 1/2
National Bank of India	35 3/4

Indian Stock Exchange

Bombay: October 28.

The market continued to present a steady tone despite reactions in the Steel section Tata Deferreds opened at 2085 and after reacting to 2080 improved to 2095. Tata Ordinaries which declined at one time to 389 recovered to 393. The Textile shares showed further improvement. Bombay Dyeings being quoted higher at 1275. Indian Irons were steady around 32/6.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (2090) 2085 90 80 95 90

Tata Ordinaries (392) 391 92 89 93 91/8

Tata Ordinary 391/8, Tata Defd. 2090, Indian Iron 32/6, Steel Corpn of Bengal 19/14, Bombay Dyeing 1275, Central India 362/8, Century 432/8 Gokak 226/12, Kohinoor 485, Simplex 152, Andhra Valley 1757/8, Tata Hydro 184/6, Tata Power 1705, Associated Cement 156/8 Belapur 228/12, Bombay Burma Old 502/8.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct 28.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan	97-14
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes	96-0
3 per cent 1951-54 Loan	99-13
3 per cent 1949-52 Loan	100-0
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	103-3
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	110-9
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	103-13
3 per cent War Bonds	101-15
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	114-10
TAX FREE LOANS	
5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	111-3
4 per cent 1958/68 Mysore	110-0
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	127-4
CORPORATION ... RNTURE	
4 per cent B P T	1947 110-8
4 per cent M Deb	1947 1 0-8
5 per cent M Deb	1965 116-8
6 per cent M Deb	1954 129-0
6 per cent K P T	1956 130-0
Trend: Steady.	

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: October 28.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02⅜ to 4.03⅛ at London and 4.03 1/2 at N. York.

London spot and forward silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d. New York spot silver was 34 3/4 cents. London Bombay spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 62/10/3. The local market was quietly steady with a moderate business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.

Quotations were as under:—

	Gold	Silver
Ready	Rs. 42 1 3	63 0 0
Kartak	Rs. 42 1 9	62 12 0
Magsar	Rs. 42 1 9	62 11 6

Sovereigns: Rs. 28/7.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: October 28.

LONDON:—

Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 1/4 Two months.

Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 9/32 Three months.

Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 9/32 Four months.

B. C. RATES:—

T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16

Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32; D D 1/5 31/32

Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32; D D 1/6 1/8

NEW YORK:—

Banks selling T T Rs. 332 3/4; D D Rs. 332 3/4

Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2; D D Rs. 328 1/2

Cross Rates Dol. 4.02 1/2; 3 1/2

MONTREAL:—

Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2; D D Rs. 302 1/2

Banks buying T T Rs. 297 1/4; D D Rs. 296 3/4

Cross Rates Dol. 4.43/47

JAVA:—

Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 56.

Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 57 1/2

Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62

JAPAN:—

Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting

Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting

Cross Rates Sh. 1/2 1/2

BERNE:—

Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil.

Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil.

Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40

STOCKHOLM:—

Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123

Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128

Cross Rates K 16.85/95

SINGAPORE:—

Banks selling T T Rs. 158; D D Rs. 158

Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs. 155

Cross Rates Sh. 2/4 5/32 7/32

HONGKONG:—

Banks selling T T Rs. 85 1/4; D D Rs. 84 1/2

Banks buying T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs. 81 1/2

Cross Rates Sh. 1/3 1/32

SHANGHAI:—

Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting

Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting

Cross Rates Sh. 0-3 3/16

MEXICO:—

Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D 66.27

Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04

Cross Rates Pcs. 19.5 21.5

LISBON:—

Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom; D D Esc 7.35 nom.

Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55

Cross Rate Esc 99.80 100.20

NEW YORK:—

Cross Rate Dol. 4.03 1/2

Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.

Gold £8-8-0 Ready.

New York Silver 34 3/4

London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 1/2 Forward.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

Money:—Call unquoted

1 to 2 months 1/4 per cent

3 to 6 months 1/2 per cent

6 months 3/4 per cent

Tone:—Very easy.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York: October 27.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following New York Stock Exchange quotations:—

	Dollars
Electric Bond and Share Dol.5 Pfd	59 3/4
Electric Power and Lt. Pfd	37
American Telephone and Telegraph	152 1/4
Western Union Telegraph	29 1/4
New York Central R.R.	10 5/8
New York Central and Hudson River R.R. 5 per cent 2013	55 1/4
Union Pacific	74 1/8
N.Y. Chicago and St. Louis 6 p.c. Pfd	41 7/8
U.S. Steel	52 1/2
Bethlehem Steel	62 1/4
Crucible Steel	36 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	25 3/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	27
Chrysler Motors	56 5/8
General Motors	39 5/8
Eaton Manufacturing	32
Dupont de Nemours	146
Sears Roebuck	68
Consolidated Oil	6 1/8
Socony	9 3/4
National City Bank of New York	25 3/4
Australia 5 per cent 1955	76

Sears Roebuck declared Dol. 1.25 extra dividend

SEMI ANNUAL EARNINGS

	Jan/June.	Dollar per share
National Dairy	1940	.76
National Dairy	1941	.90
Chrysler Motors	1940	7.01
Chrysler Motors	1941	4.82
International Nickel	1940	.17
International Nickel	1941	.12
Consolidated Oil	1940	.13
Consolidated Oil	1941	.26
New York Central R.R.	1940	Deficit .09
New York Central R.R.	1941	1.84
Boeing Airplane	1940	Deficit .06
Boeing Airplane	1941	1.86
	May	
Douglas Aircraft	1940	5.65
Douglas Aircraft	1941	7.00

LONDON SILVER

London: October 27.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD

London: October 27.

Gold bars fine per Oz. £8/8/0

FURTHER RISE IN BOMBAY DYEING SHARES

STEELS QUIETLY STEADY

Bombay: October 28.

On the local Stock Exchange Bombay Dyeing shares were again active on persistent buying which moved up to new high levels, while the whole list was quietly steady with a limited business.

It is said that some professional operators are buying Bombay Dyeing shares on hopes of getting one Preference share. This rumour is current in the market for the past several weeks. The present rise is due to scarcity of sellers as mostly investors are interested in this scrip, but one should not overlook the fact that there is a wide gap between cash and forward quotations which suggests that the market is becoming overbought.

On Monday the Wall Street market was irregular and U.S. Steel shares declined 5/8 to 52 1/2. Anaconda Copper shares declined 1/4 at 25 3/4 and General Motors gained 1/4 at 39 5/8 dollars.

In the local market Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 2130 and declined to Rs. 2120, but with moderate buying improved to Rs. 2131. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 402 and after declining to Rs. 399 improved to Rs. 402. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1355 and declined to Rs. 1350, but advanced to Rs. 1380. At this level the rise was checked by scattered realising and quotation receded to Rs. 1375. The market was barely steady except Bombay Dyeing shares which were firm.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay: October 28.

Bombay Dyeing (1356) 1355 1352 1357 1351 1380 13/2

Century (466) 465 462 468 466

Central India (406) 405 404 407 406 406

Kohinoor (545) 546 547 544 549 547 550 548

New Great (345) 344 342 346 345 344

Simplex (176) 177/8 176/8 178 177/8

Swadeshi (424) 425 426 424 428 426 425

Associated Cement (161) 161 162 160/8 161/8

Tramways Ordinary (152) 152

Tata Hydro (185) 185

Tata Power (1760) 1765 1760

Tata Steel Defd (2127) 2130 2120 2122 2117 2132 2130 2137 2132 2135

Tata Steel Ordinary (401) 402 399 402 401/8

Tata Steel 2nd Preference (154) 154

Belapur (259) 260 258

Bombay Steam (378) 378

Bombay Burma (530) 530 503 528 527

TEXTILES

Bombay, Oct 28.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	342 0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	1372 0
100	CENTURY X.D.	465 0
100	Colaba	214 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA X.D	405 0
100	Coorla X.D.	131 0
250	David	257 0
250	Dawn	425 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Defd	2 6 0
100	FINLAY	243 0
100	GOKAK	258 0
1000	Hindustan	2295 0
100	Indore	202 0
100	Khatau	242 0
100	KOHINOOR	543 0
250	LAXMI	630 0
100	MORARJI	522 0
250	Model	210 0
50	MYSORE	132 0
200	NEW GREAT	344 0
100	Oosmanshahi	132 0
100	Poddar	212 0
100	Phoenix	345 0
25	Sassoon Silk	82 8
1000	Sholapur	5 00 0
50	SIMPLEX	177 8
100	SWADESHI	425 0
100	SWAN	239 0
500	Vishnu	1490 0
1000	Western	1450 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	116 0
25-50	Central	50 6
500	Imperial	1610 0
125-500	Imp. Conty.	400 0
50-100	India	147 12
100	Reserve Bank	108 8
5	Union	7 8

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	161 0

INSURANCE

10-50	British India	13, 0
100	Empire	727 0
15-10	Jupiter	16 11
20	Mercantile	2 8
15-75	New India	54 4
200	Oriental	4555 0
10-50	Vulcan	10 12

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmedabad Old	187 0
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1762 0
10	Ajmer X.D.	12 12
50	BOMBAY TRAM XD	152 0
100	Bombay Suburban	188 2
10	Broach	13 6
100	Karachi	211 4
100	Poona	217 8
100	Surat	190 0
100	TATA HYDRO X.D.	185 0
1000	TATA POWER X.D.	1760 0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	375 0
100	C Province	109 0
100	Dhond Baramati	104 4
100	Gujarat	105 0
100	Mandra Bhon	109 0
100	Pachora Jamner	99 8
100	Sara Sirajganj	107 0
500	Tapti Valley X.D	643 0

MININGS

9	Burma Corp	4 8
8sh	Indian Copper	2 3 0
10	Indian Iron and Steel	32 6
10	SHIVRAJPUR	47 0
10	Mucund Iron X.D.	14 0
30	TATA STEEL DEF	2135 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	401 0
100	Steel Corporation	20 0

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	627 0
10	Air Services	2 14
	BELAPUR SUGAR	253 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	650 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	378 0
125	B Burma	527 0
50	Burma Contry	17/ 0
8sh.	Br B Petrol	3 6 9
100	IND. BLEACHING	145 0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	51 0
100	Indian Radio Dev.	60 0
100	Indian Radio Ord	605 0
100	Port Canning	96 0
30	PREMIER Con X.D.	127 0
15	Scindia	26 13
25	Tata Oil	61 12
10	Tata Chemicals	15 9
100	Wimco	220 0

PREFERENCE

7	p.c Andhra Valley	1560 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	322 8
7	p.c. Bom Tram (TF)	79 0
5	p.c Central India (TF) X.D	645 12
6 1/4	p.c Prem Const 1st	121 0
6 1/4	p.c. Prem Const 2nd	118 12
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	161 4
7 1/2	p.c Tata Power X.D	1622 0
7	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	215 0
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	154 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	737 8

DEBENTURES

3 3/4	p.c. Andhra Valley Deb.	106 12
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	50 2
5	p.c Morarji	193 4
5	p.c Sholapur	71 6

Cash quotations were as under:—

BOM DYEING 1282 CENTURY 439, CENTRAL INDIA 350, COLABA 182, FINLAY 216, GOKAK 229, KOHINOOR 485, MORARJI 460, MYSORE 140, NEW GREAT 284, PHOENIX 370, SIMPLEX 152, SWADESHI 392, SWAN 210, ASSOCIATED 157, ANDHRA VLY. 1747, BOM. TRAM 145, TATA HYDRO 184,

TATA POWER 1702, SHIVRAJPUR 37.0, TATA STL. DF. 2095, TATA STL. OR. 391, ALCOCK 575, BELAPUR SUGAR 228, BOM. STEAM 345, BOMBAY BURMA 497, IND BLEACHING, PREMIER CONST. 114,

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: October 27.

T T London on New York 4.02⅜/4.03⅛; Madrid 40.50; Montreal 4.43/4.47; Berne 17.30/17.40; Stockholm 16.85/16.95.

LONDON WHEAT

London: October 27.

Rozario Santa Fe 21/6 Oct/Nov quoted
Barletta Russo 21/6 Oct/Nov quoted
South Australian 27/6 Oct/Nov quoted.

LONDON RUBBER

London: October 27.

Smoke sheet standard ribbed per lb. 13-

Bombay War Gifts Fund

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 71,03,656/6/11.

For the Lord Mayor's Relief Fund: Rs. 100 Mr. and Mrs. A.W.C. Brown.

For the R.A.F.: Rs. 250 through the Bombay Suburban Defence Loans Committee. Rs. 170 The Members of the Central Bank of India Ltd.

For Armoured Carriers for the Indian Army: Rs. 250 through the Bombay Suburban Defence Loans Committee. Rs. 169/15 the members of the staff of the Central Bank of India, Ltd.

Grand total on Tuesday (excluding sums less than Rs. 50) Rs. 71,04,712/13/11.

CONSTABLE'S SON GETS PENSION.

A pension of Rs. 12-8 a month to Pulkeshi, son of Gurlingappa Onkareppa a constable of the Bijapur District Police who was killed in the performance of his official duties has been sanctioned by the Government of Bombay. The pension will be paid till Pulkeshi attains the age of 18 years.

CIVIL VETERINARY DEPARTMENTS'S WORK.

A substantial increase in the number of animals treated in State-aided veterinary hospitals and dispensaries—from 260,400 in 1939-40 to 285,283 in 1940-41—is recorded in the report of the Civil Veterinary Department of Bombay Province for the latter year.

The number of veterinary hospitals and dispensaries rose by one to 121. The average daily attendance was 22,66, the highest attendance being 83,58 recorded at Sholapur.

During the year, 279 horses were imported from foreign and Indian ports, against 923 in the previous year.

The total expenditure of the Department amounted to 5.85 lakhs, of which Rs 4,38 lakhs were met from the Provincial revenues.

SUPPLEMENTARY PETROL COUPONS

The Government of Bombay has decided that, in the event of a person's 'bona fide' change of residence, he should be issued with supplementary petrol coupons to enable him to move his car by road.

Although it is probable that sufficient railway vans are available for the carriage of motor cars, each van so used may mean the displacement of some other railway wagon needed to carry goods of a more urgent nature. At the suggestion of the Government of India, therefore, the Bombay Government has directed that, unless the road journey is unnecessarily circuitous as compared with rail journey, any person who desires to transport his car to his new place of residence and business may be granted the necessary supplementary petrol coupons.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 28th October, 1941:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. —.037 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.0 deg. Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 73.6 deg.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 95.6 deg. (6.6 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 75.3 deg. (0.8 above normal).

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 68 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. E N E.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 7 miles per hr.

Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 92 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hrs. 13 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 1.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 28/10/1941

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 83.2 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.13 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.92 inches.

For the correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Italy's Oil Sabotaged

Albanian Guerillas Cut Pipe-Line In Two Places

ANKARA, Oct. 28.

Albanian guerillas have cut the Kotorova-Valona oil pipe-line in two places and have also sabotaged the Berat oil field, according to reports reaching here. This will deal a severe blow to Italy's dwindling oil supply.

Other signs of increasing guerilla activity is the capture by the Albanians in night raids of many Italian Carabinieri.

Recent arrivals from Albania say that B.B.C. broadcasts are widely picked up there.—Reuter.

RICE CONTROL SCHEME

Commerce Member's Assurance To Deputation

NEW DELHI, October 28

A deputation of the Conference of the Rice Merchants' Associations of India, Burma and Ceylon and the Burma Indian Chamber of Commerce and the Indian Mercantile Chamber of Ceylon led by Seth Valimahomad Dada waited on the Commerce Member this afternoon in connection with the proposed Rice Control Scheme of the Government of Burma.

The case of the deputation was explained in detail by Mr. M. A. Master, a member of the deputation.

A general discussion followed.

The Commerce Member gave a patient and sympathetic hearing and promised to give his best consideration to the various aspects of the control scheme affecting the Indian merchants as stressed in the interview.—A. P.

Orissa Ministerial Party

BERHAMPORE, Oct. 27.

Members of the opposition groups in the Orissa Assembly met here yesterday under the presidentship of the Maharaja of Parlakimedi and elected the Maharaja as the leader of the new party, which is pledged to support the proposed Coalition Ministry in the province.

Mr. N. G Patnaik, Secretary of the Party, informed the press that the strength of the new party would be about thirty-one.—A. P.

More Grants For Madras Local Bodies

MADRAS, Oct. 28.

In view of the growing demands of important services such as Communications, Education and Medical Relief, the Government have decided to give more grants to local bodies to compensate them for loss of toll income consequent on the passing of the Madras Motor Vehicles Taxation Act.

Additional grants which would be made from the provincial funds are given subject to the condition that these are spent on approved specific schemes during the current year.

The question of giving similar grants in future years will be considered by the Government from year to year to the extent that funds may be available.—A. P.

Youth League Secretary Arrested

(From A Correspondent.)

LUNAWADA, (By Mail).

Mr. Vijayshanker Bhatt, Joint Secretary of the Panchmahal Rewakantha Youth League has been arrested by the police at Lunawada on charge of sedition. It appears that after the repressive measures adopted by the State authorities Mr. Bhatt had settled down in Ahmedabad, but it is alleged on being informed by the State authorities privately that he could return to Lunawada without let or hindrance, Mr. Bhatt returned to Lunawada where he was arrested.

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NEW YORK COTTON SEVEN POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.
MARCH
New York, October 28

Previous closing	16.25
To-day's opening	16.26
Difference	+01
To-day's closing	16.32
Difference	+07

BROACH EXPECTATION.
Broach April/May ..... Rs. 227-8

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, October 28

The New York cotton was moderately active on scattered trade and local support but absence of any fresh incentives continued to restrict operations.

Trading in March began at 16.26 i.e. one point higher than last closing. Prices steadied on stray local buying but the demand was rather slow with traders awaiting developments in Washington.

Following are the New York opening ranges :—
December (16.13/13) 15.96/96
March (16.40/38) 16.27/26
May (16.55/52) 16.40/40

LONDON COMMODITIES.
London, October 28
SEEDS
Castorseeds October/November (£19 3/4 quoted) £19 3/4
Linseed Bombay Calcutta October/November (£19 1/2 quoted) £19 1/2
Linseed La Plata October/November (£12 3/4 quoted) £12 3/4
Groundnut Coromandal Coast October/November (£18 quoted) £18
JUTES
Dundee October/November unquoted
Lightning October/November unquoted
RUBBER
Spot (13 3/4d buyers) 13 3/4d buyers
Forward (13 11/16d buyers) 13 11/16d buyers
LONDON METALS
Tin (£255 3/4 buyers) £256 1/4 sellers. Steady) £255 3/4 buyers; £256 sellers. Quiet.
Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 2 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.
T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, October 28

Previous closing	4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	not received

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London, October 28

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.
LONDON GOLD
London, October 28
London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0
LONDON SILVER
London, October 28
Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d
CROSS RATES
London on Bombay (1-5) 1-5
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Aden not quoted
New York on Bombay (30,36) 30,36
London on Shanghai (0-2 27/32 to 0-3 3/16) 0-2 27/32 to 0-3 3/16
London on Kobe not quoted
DISCOUNTS
3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.
BULLION AND SEEDS
Bombay, October 28
There was no trading during night session.

New York Stock Exchange

New York, October 28
New York Stock Exchange opening prices: General Motors (dol. 39 1/4) dol. 39
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol. 26) dol. 25 5/8
United States Steel Common (dol. 52 5/8) dol. 52 1/2
United States Steel Preference (dol. 119 3/4) unquoted.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN
London, October 28
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 1/8
AUSTRALIAN LOANS
London, October 28
5 per cent 1958/68 £104 3/8
BRITISH FUNDS
2 1/2 per cent Consols £82 5/16
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £106 3/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £99 13/16
4 per cent Funding Loan £114 3/16
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £104 13/16
New York Loan £101 5/16
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds £113 7/16
INDUSTRIALS
Standard Motors 15-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 38-10
Electric Music Industry 12-10
Princhin Johnson 22-1
Imperial Chemical 32-7
Woolsworth New Ordinary 58-6
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee rates £70
Dundee 36-3
Unilever Ordinary 26-6
Ford Motors 24-4
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £67
British American Tobacco Ordinary £4 5/8
Carreas 'A' £5 11/32
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6
P and O Def 27-10
Distillers 67-9
Bredfords Dye 6-7
British Celanese 4-10

3 PER CENT DEFENCE BONDS
(Previous Issues) ..... Rs. 45,14,31,000
3 per cent Second Defence Loan 1949-52 From 1st February to 18th October 1941 (including Conversions) ..... Rs. 41,05,38,000
INTEREST FREE DEFENCE BONDS
Subscriptions to October 18
All-India ..... Rs. 2,60,50,000
Bombay City ..... Rs. 65,50,200
POST OFFICE TEN-YEAR DEFENCE SAVINGS CERTIFICATES
Subscriptions to October 18
All-India ..... Rs. 3,87,73,000
Bombay City ..... Rs. 44,02,240

J and P Coates 37-4
Courtaulds Ordinary 33-9
Fine Cotton Spinners 4-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary 16-7
Inter Nickel dol. 41 1/2
Indian Iron 46-10
TEA SHARES
Assam Company 18-1
Donaro Tea 30-0
Empire of India 20-0
JUTE
Barnagore £7
RUBBER SHARES
Anglo Dutch Rubber 15-10
Guia Kelampong 15-7
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust 28-4
MINING SHARES
Nandydrug 17-6 Ex Div.
Burma Corporation 6-6
Rio tintos £6 1/4
East Rand Properties £2 5/32
Rand Mines £7
MINE SHARES
Crown £10 1/4
Associated Portland Cement 50-7
Trinidad Leasehold 66-10
Sub Nigel £7 1/16
Spring Mines Split Shares £1 5/32
Union Corporation 148-9
OIL SHARES
Venezuela Persian 32-6
Anglo India 37-6
Burma Oil £2 15/16
Mexican Eagle 12-0
Shell Transport £2 9/16
Royal Dutch £24
RAILWAY SHARES
Great Western Ordinary £39
London Midland Ordinary £14 7/8
London North Eastern Def £1 9/16
London Southern Defd. £13 1/8
London Transport 5 per cent £123 1/2
London Transport £39 1/2

SUGAR MARKET
Bombay: October 28.
Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
Ready Bond Rs. 14/10
African from Bond Rs. 12/4
Shipment June Rs. 10/3 F.B.H.
Shipment September Rs. 10/2 F.B.H.
Indian Sugars Ready—
Ordinary Rs. 14/10 to 15/4
Large grain Rs. 15/6 to 16.
Tone:—Steady.

Colombo Markets

COLOMBO, October 28
Rubber sheet 55, Crepe 57 1/2. Yesterday's closing same. Copra 31.75, cocoanut oil f.o.b. 320.00 nominal.
Share market: Agraonvah 22; Doomoo tea 12; Glasgowestate 40 1/2; Marigold tea 11; Oonoogaloya 8; Shawlandsta 3 3/4; Uplands tea 11 3/4; Biddescar Rubber 4 1/4; Frocester Rubber 15; Gallwatte Rubber 7; Gonagama Rubber 12; Indomalay 7; Jambulande tea rubber 3 3/4; Kalutara Company 17 1/2; Kalutara rubber 7; Kongsi rubber 8; Langatriver 17 1/4; Lanka rubber 45; Mahagamarubber 80; Niriwatte 2 1/2; Rubber Growers 14 1/2; Selinsing rubber 7 1/2; Udapolla rubber 7; Uskvalley 15; Arratenne Tea rubber 8 1/4; Atchencoil tea 1/75; Girindiella tea 5; Kandyan Hills 15 1/2; Kuttapitiya tea rubber 10; Mayentea rubber 10; Meallmor 14 1/2; Mocha tea 20; Moneragalla rubber 7; Neuchatel 20; Sittawakatea rubber 15; Talgaswelatea 32 1/2; Wellandur tea rubber 20; Agratea 15; Forest Hill tea 3 1/2; Walagamarubber 5; Rakwana tea rubber 7; Commercial Companies Ceylon Cold Stores 16; Ceylon Theatres 20; Rupee Cocoanut Companies Arcadia Cocoanut 8.—A.P.

Extension Of Mysore Dewan's Term

BANGALORE, Oct. 28.
It is reliably understood that H.H. the Maharaja of Mysore has extended the term of office of Mr. N. Madhava Rao, Dewan, till January 1945.
Mr. Madhava Rao in normal course would retire in June 1942, when he attains his 55th year.—A.P.

Cricket

INTER-UNIVERSITY CHAMPIONSHIP

Rohinton Baria Trophy: Ranga Rao's Appeal

MADRAS, October 28
"I am happy to announce that the Inter-University Board has accepted the conditions suggested by the Board of Control for Cricket in India for running the Inter-University Cricket Championship for the Rohinton Baria Trophy", says Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao, Secretary for the Board of Control for Cricket in India, in a statement to the press.
It will be recalled that the Board of Control has been running this championship from 1935. The Inter-University Board will hereafter run it.
Mr Ranga Rao adds: "I appeal to all the universities in India to participate in this year's championship, the Board of Control will be glad to render all possible assistance to the Inter-University Board in the successful running of the championship this year."—A.P.

A DRAWN MATCH

POONA, October 28
The two-day match between the Sporting Union, Calcutta and the Maharashtra Cricket Association which commenced here yesterday ended in a draw:—
SCORES:
Sporting Union, Calcutta: 143 and 147 for nine wickets. (K. Bose 40, Saravate 5/47).
Maharashtra Cricket Association: 302 for six wickets. (Danaya 85, Saravate retired 55, N. Chatterjee 3/51).

"FILATOR" FANCIED FOR NOVEMBER HANDICAP

LONDON, October 28
The Cesarewitch winner, "Filator", became more firmly established as favourite for the November Handicap at the callover when it advanced to 11/2 after being backed to win 4000 sterling at 6/1.
Spanish Mist, Soldor and Jamaica Inn, are also backed to win big sums, though Soldor and Spanish Mist remained on oher respectively at 33/1 and 20/1.
A run on Justification to win 1000 sterling brought the price down to 100/6 at which also Pointis is well backed, it being noted that plenty of money was on this horse from provincial quarters.—Reuter.

GOLWALLAS LEAVE POOL IN PROTEST

CALCUTTA, October 28
The last engagement of the Golwalla Water Polo Club from Bombay in Calcutta with the College Square Swimming Club ended abruptly this evening before the interval.
The dispute, which led to the abandonment of the game, arose out of a goal scored by the local side from a throw-in. The visitors protested against the decision of th referee in awarding this goal and left the water.—A.P.

Khan Of Khar Dead

PESHAWAR, October 28
The Khan of Khar, one of the leading chieftains in tribal territory, is reported to have died of cholera.
It may be recalled that cholera took a very heavy toll in the North-West Frontier Province during the second fortnight of October. Out of 1,335 cases reported 719 deaths occurred.—United Press.

Conference Of Radio Station Directors

NEW DELHI, October 28
A conference of the station directors of All-India Radio since the creation of the New Department of Information and Broadcasting, will begin here to-morrow, under the presidentship of Mr. A. S. Bokhari, Controller of Broadcasting.—Reuter.

Madras Share Market

MADRAS, October 28
There was a slightly better enquiry for Textile and Planting shars to-day. Electric issues have also shown a fair activity, otherwise, the market was unchanged.
Transactions reported from 12 noon yesterday to 12 noon to-day:—
Bank of Hindustan 27/8; Indian Overseas Bank 106; 106; Lakshmi Mills 81; Coimbatore Spinning 85; 86; Mettur Industries 177; Pankajas 123; 124/8; 125/8; 125/12; Malnbar Spinning 207/8; Sitaram 87; 87/8; Sarada Prefrence 116; Rajalakshmi 73/12; Aaron Spinning 11/4; Sarada 93; Ayr Manis Ord 11/12; Kaipttas 24; Cottanad ord 7/8 small lot; Midlands 7/15; Chembra Peaks 5/7; Malankara 42/8; Cochin Malabars ord 9/1; 9/2 cd; Ouchterloney Valley ord 3/2/6; Coonoor Teas 5/2; Mlamallay ord 26/8; 26/10; Tropicals 22/2 small lot; Woodlands 8/8 cd; 5 1/2 per cent South Madras Electric Debentures 110/8; Cochin State Power 9; 8/14; Vizag Electric 93; Karaikal Electric 45/8; Deccan Sugar 54/8; Spencer B Pref 11; Mysore Chemical Manufacturing 16/10; Mettur Chemical Corporation ord 13/6; 13/4 c rts; Mettur Chemical Corporation Pref 131; 130 c rts; Mysore Tobaccos 12/4; India Nut 2/14; Indian Steel Rolling Ord 7/14.

PESHAWAR: — His Excellency the Governor of the North-West Frontier Province has declared that the film entitled "Moon over Burma" produced by the Paramount Film Company of America, and certified by the Bengal Board of Film Censors, shall be deemed as an uncertified film in the whole of the province.

Burma Move To Recognise Indian Medical Degrees

Issue Of Reciprocity Board Referred To Secretary Of State For India

NEW DELHI, Oct. 28.
The decision of the Government of Burma to amend the Burma Medical Act 1915 so as to provide for recognition of Indian qualifications prescribed in the Indian Medical Council Act was announced by Dr. B. C. Roy in his presidential address at the meeting of the Medical Council of India to-day.

RECIPROCITY ISSUE

He informed the meeting that the Government of India had made a reference to the Secretary of State for India in connection with the Council's proposal for setting up a General reciprocity board.
Dealing with the question of providing an All-India Medical Register, the president said that the Central Government had asked for the views of Provincial Governments.
Dr. Roy went on to point out that the reports of inspectors appointed by the British General Medical Council had revealed serious defects in many of examining bodies in England. The Indian Medical Council had made repeated enquiries regarding these defects and wanted to know to what extent they had been removed, but the replies were so far evasive or there were no replies.

The Executive Committee of the Council had, therefore, decided to recommend to the Council to withdraw recognition of two examining bodies in London and Dublin.

The Council then took up the resolutions. Col. P. B. Bharucha was re-elected as a member representing universities to the Executive Committee of the Council.
By another resolution the Council resolved to include M. D. (Doctor of Medicine) and M. S. (Master of Surgery) degrees of Andhra University in the schedule to the Indian Medical Council Act from April 1, 1940.
The Council noted the Burma Government's communication received through the Central Government deciding to amend the Burma Medical Act so as to provide for recognition of Indian qualifications.
The next meeting of the Council will be held on March 24, 1942 at New Delhi.—A. P.

No Lowering Of Standard

NEW DELHI, Oct. 28.
The Medical Council of India which met here this morning under the presidency of Dr. B. C. Roy concluded its deliberations before lunch.
An important resolution regarding recruits for war was adopted expressing the opinion that under the existing circumstances the period of training of medical students could not be cut short or the standard of examinations lowered, but senior students could work as house surgeons if members of the house staff joined the Army.

EXCLUDE THEM

The Council recommended to the Government of India to exclude the qualifications granted by the Apothecaries Hall of Ireland and the Society of Apothecaries of London from the second schedule to the Indian Medical Council Act, as they did not furnish sufficient guarantee for the requisite knowledge and skill for the practice of Surgery, and Midwifery and Surgery respectively.
The Council passed another resolution to defer 'sine die' consideration of the reciprocity of recognition of medical qualifications with Japan.—United Press.

THORN IN SIDE OF FASCISTS

Malta Takes Heavy Toll Of Enemy Planes

BHOPAL, Oct. 28.
"As long as the Suez Canal is kept open and supplies continue to flow into our island, Malta will continue taking more scars and shooting down more and more Italian and German planes until the day of victory is ours, which by God's grace it shall be", said Lt. Ballanti, a Maltese officer, addressing the Bhopal Rotary Club last night on "Malta" at Lake View Hotel, Raja Oudh Narain Bisarya, President of the Club, presiding. Lt. Ballanti after tracing the history of Malta, which he described as "a thorn in the side of Fascist Italy", from the time of the Phonician occupation of the Island 2,000 years B. C. to the Treaty of Alliance with Britain in 1801 declared: "We Maltese are proud to belong to the British Empire, which we have joined by a treaty of alliance. We have our own self-Government and our rights and privileges which are respected."
Referring to the enemy air operations against Malta Lt. Ballanti stated that he had experienced five hundred air raids and now it had become a favourite pastime in Malta to go to the roof and watch the fun, and cheers rang from village to village every time an enemy plane was shot down.—A. P.

Gangsters In Gujarat

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Oct. 28.
An instance of armed dacoity occurred at Bhumali near Kothgangad in Dholka Taluka when a gang of dacoits fired gun shots in one whole village and looted ornaments and property. The police are inquiring in this matter.

CONGRESS PURGE IN U. P.

Members Not Adhering To Programme Asked To Resign

LUCKNOW, October 28
It is understood that the acting president of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee has issued instructions that Congress members not adhering to the Congress programme should resign forthwith.
The names of those unwilling to resign are being collected for "proper action."—A.P.

"JAWAHAR DAY" NEXT TUESDAY

LUCKNOW, October 28
Mr. Lal Bihari Tandon, M.L.A., acting president of the United Provinces Provincial Congress Committee, has fixed November 4 for the observance of the "Jawahar Day" in the Province.
It will be recalled Pandit Nehru was sentenced on November 4, 1940.—A.P.

Contest For Aney's Seat

AMRAOTI, October 28
Mr. N. B. Patil and Mrs. Parwatibai Patwardhan withdrew to-day their nomination for the by-election to the Central Assembly.
Mr. Wamanrao Joshi, Dr. Patwardhan and Mr. Kanitkar are the candidates now.—United Press.

OBSERVE NOV. 9 AS "DEOLI DAY"

Demand Abolition Of Camp

BOMBAY, October 28.
Mr. P. N. Bhargawa, a labour leader of Cawnpore, who is now in Bombay, in the course of a statement regarding hunger-strike by detenus in Deoli Camp, appeals to the public to observe November 9 as "Deoli Day", to hold public meetings and demand the abolition of the Camp.
Mr. Bhargawa is proceeding to Wardha to meet Mahatma Gandhi and apprise him of the situation in the Camp.—United Press.

BOMBAY CONFERENCE

Meeting Of Standing Committee Postponed

(From Our Correspondent.)
ALLAHABAD, Oct. 27.
Interest in what is known as Bombay Conference appears to be waning the meetinf of the Standing Committee Conference which was fixed on November 1st is now likely to be postponed to some other date. It is said that Mr. Shivarao informed Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru to the effect that Sir N. N. Sircar, Mr. Shyamaprasad Mukharji and Mr. Jayakar expressed their inability to attend the Committee Meeting on November 1st. Mr. Jagdish Prasad agreed to the postponement under these circumstances. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru is reported to have no objection to the postponement of the meeting. No reasons are given as to why members are unable to attend the meeting. But apparently it is felt the time is not very opportune for holding the meeting.
Sir Radhakrishnan will open the All-India Swadeshi Exhibition here on October 28. Arrangements in connection with the exhibition are complete.

"FOREIGN" TROUBLE-MONGERS!

Gwalior Workers Deported

A statement issued to the press by the deported workers of Gwalior State states that these workers were deported from Gwalior State as the Gwalior citizenship rights were denied them, and that their presence was prejudicial to public safety. The workers, it appears, were residing in Gwalior State for a long time, and the denial of citizenship was thus without foundation. One of the workers, it is stated, was a member of the Ujjain Municipal Board. The charges, it is alleged were vague and highly problematical. The Inspector General of Police, Gwalior State interviewed them at their request but failed to clarify the existing situation.

Viramgam Satyagrahi Convicted

AHMEDABAD, October 28
Mr. Jayantilal Maidhari, who was arrested for offering Satyagraha at Viramgam was tried and sentenced to-day to six months' simple imprisonment.—A.P.

Bengal M. L. A. Released

CALCUTTA, October 28
On the expiry of his term of eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment, Mr. Bankim Chandra Mookerjee, M.L.A., was released today from the Alipore Central Jail. Mr. Mookerjee was convicted under the Defence of India Rules in connection with a speech delivered by him at a public meeting held at Hazra Park in observance of the "National Week."—A.P.

For Pilgrims Sailing From Calcutta

NEW DELHI, October 28
In a previous 'communique' pilgrims intending to sail from Calcutta were advised to reach the port by the 17th November at the latest, says a press 'communique'. For unavoidable reasons, the last day of arrival of pilgrims at that Port has been altered to Sunday, the 16th November, and pilgrims are advised to reach Calcutta at the latest by this date.—A.P.

Sir C. Madhavan Nayar who has been appointed to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, left Madras on Tuesday for Delhi, where he will interview H. E. the Viceroy. He will later leave for London to take up his appointment.

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INDIAN AIR FORCE
Important announcement

The Indian Air Force is expanding daily. Under a new plan, all candidates who are successful in the combined Civil Aviation and Air Force Training Scheme will be COMMISSIONED in the Indian Air Force for the duration of the War. Pilots and Observers are required for full-time service.

The prospects of service set out in the Indian Air Force Reserve pamphlet should be read accordingly.

Apply for information and application forms to:—
(1) The District Magistrate
(2) The Commissioner of Police (Bombay, Madras & Calcutta Cities)
(3) The Political Agents (Indian States)

ON THE AIR

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 29.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Vilayat Husain. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 Bai Gangubai. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Mohammad Husain. 9-25 Naghma on Sarinda. 9-35 S. G. Newrekar. 12-30 p.m. Bhavgeets. 12.45 Classical music. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Chitrapat Sangit. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 5 Tomorrow. 5-5 S. G. Newrekar. 5-25 Mohammad Husain. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 M. Tufail. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 S. N. Chapekar. 6-30 Local news and announcements. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Gajanan Rao Joshi. 6-50 Air Chorus party. 7 War diary. 7-15 S. G. Newrekar. 7-30 Mohammad Husain. 7-45 Gujarati geet. 7-55 News commentary. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 Matters of moment. 8-45 Radio reconnaissance. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-30 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Air Orchestra. 10-10 Bai Ganbubai. 10-35 Marathi melodies.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Ebrahim. 8-15 Three geets. 8-25 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Gajanan Rao Joshi. 9-10 to 10 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 to 5-40 As in Bombay 1. 5-40 Kafi on Jaltarang. 5-50 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Gujarati geet. 6-10 to 7-15 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 1. 8 Bai Gangubai. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Ghazal. 9-10 Violin recital. 9-20 Marathi pad. 9-30 Kathleen Shaw. 9-40 The Philadelphia Orchestra. 9-45 Grace Belcourt. 10 Agnes Barrett. 10-20 B B C Symphony Orchestra. 10-30 Hilda Flanders.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian troops in the Far East. 5 Nisar Husain. 5-25 Do geet. 5-45 Benazirbai. 6-15 For women. 7 Ghulam Hussain. 7-15 Azim Beg Chughtai. 7-30 For villagers only. 8-15 Scenes revisited, 1. 8-30 Matters of moment. 8-45 Benazirbai. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 It has happened. 9-50 Khadim Husain. 10 Nisar Husain. 10-25 Ashiq Husain. 10-35 Benazirbai.

Matunga Tehcnological Laboratory

FACILITIES FOR TRAINING

The Technological Laboratory will admit this year a maximum of four students for training in the elements of spinning and routine methods of testing cotton fibre and yarn. Preference will be given to those employed in the cotton trade or textile industry who must at least be matriculates of a recognised University; for others minimum qualification Intermediate in Science. The selected candidates will be expected to join on the 26th January 1942, and will work from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. (with one hour for lunch) on week days and from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. on Saturdays. The course will normally last for a period of six months. Candidates can submit written applications to the Director, Technological Laboratory, Matunga, so as to reach him not later than 15th November, 1941.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS: The Jt. Hon. Secretary writes:—The following office-bearers were elected in the special general body meeting held on 26th instant, at the Congress House. Sri. P. J. Manjrekar, President; Sris. V. R. Modak and Govind B. Mendon, Jt. Hon. Secretaries.

BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Kartik Sud 10, 1998
Muslim: Shavaal 8, 1360
Parsi: Ardibehest 25, 1311
Sunrise: 6h. 38m.
Sunset: 6h. 8m.
Hightide: 7-40, 20-22
Lowtide: 0-54, 14-24

Municipal Standing Committee, 3-30 p.m. (B.T.)

THURSDAY, October 30

Municipal Corporation, 2-30 p.m. (B.T.)

GHATKOPAR STUDENTS' UNION: A meeting of the Ghatkopar Students will be held to-morrow (Thursday) at 8-30 a.m. in the Gurukul High School, Central Hall to establish the Union and to discuss about the constitution.

KARNATAK STUDY CIRCLE: Karnatak Study Circle proposes to arrange a series of talks on "Kannada Life and Literature" in Kannada. Those interested are requested to correspond with the Chairman, Karnatak Study Circle, Govindashrama, Lady Jamshedji Road, Bombay, 28.

BLAVATSKY LODGE, T.S.: Mr. C. Jinarajadasa will conduct in English at the Besant Hall of the Lodge at French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.), a study class on 'Bhagavad Gita.'

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: A public meeting for questions and answers will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain. All questions are welcome.

COMPOUNDERS' UNION, BOMBAY: This Union has been registered under Trade Union Act. It is the only representative Union of the Compounders.

A.R.P. DADAR EAST: A meeting of all the doctors and First-Aiders of Dadar East will be held to-night at 9 p.m. at the Operational Headquarters, B.E.S.T. Club Hall, Dadar.

MATUNGA A.R.P.: At R. Ruia College 8-30 p.m. to-day (Wednesday), Mr. C. W. Bigwood will speak on "Duties of Air Raid Wardens."

INSPECTION OF DRUGS RECORD: The Government of Bombay has appointed the Commissioner of Excise, Bombay, to exercise the powers under paragraph 6 of the Essential Drugs (Census) Order, 1941, for inspection of the record of drugs, etc., kept by dealers.

FIRST-AID EXAM. RESULTS

The following candidates are declared successful in the First-Aid Examination of the class organised by the Parsi Ambulance Centre of the St. John Ambulance Association:—Miss Amy Nesserwanji Madon; Miss Gool Jamshedji Umrigar; Messrs. Krishnaji S. Abhyanker; Jal Manecksha Daruwalla; Victor P. Fernandes; Jehangir Dinshaw Irani, B.A.; Manubhai H. Mehta; Amrutlal B. Sanghavi; Behlir K. Shivarao and Kersasp Kaikhusru Vajifdar.

RELIEF WORK BY ARYA SAMAJ: Legal free aid is rendered to innocent arrested persons by pleaders engaged for this purpose. Those who desire to take advantage of this service should come to Arya Samaj in the morning before 10 a.m. It is also arranged to remove dead bodies from Jury House by ambulance. Volunteers are kept at J. J. Hospital for this purpose.

For the convenience of passengers to take them to their places safely, volunteers and motor bus are kept at railway stations. For help 'phone 25375, Arya Samaj, Bombay.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Bird of Paradise" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Blood and Sand" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Under Ground" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Keep Fit" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Major Barbara" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Lagan" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
PATHE—"Kasauti" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Anjan" Daily at 3 and 6-30 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Punarmilan" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Sikandar" Daily at 3-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Swami" Daily at 4 p.m. only.
IMPERIAL—"Gharki Laj" Daily at 3-30 only.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sasural" Daily at 4 p.m. only.
HINDMATA—"Akela" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Argentine Nights" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Sant Sakhu" Daily at 3-30 p.m. only.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi" Daily at 3-30 p.m. only.
LAMINGTON—"Darshan" Daily at 4 p.m. only.
BROADWAY—"Holiday In Bombay" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.

Guide For Short-Wave Listeners

A useful pamphlet giving timings and meterbands of English news, broadcast from important foreign shortwave stations, has been prepared by Mr. Shripad R. Tikekar. It also gives timings of All-India Radio News Service, Hours of Hindustani broadcasts from various Asiatic and European countries and a schedule of B.B.C. talks are included.

This will be sent free to any one on receipt of 1 1/4 annas in postage stamps by Mr. Tikekar; (213, Charni Road, Bombay 4).

Vasant Insurance Company, Limited

The Vasant Insurance Company Ltd., the prospectus of which appears elsewhere in this issue, has been formed primarily with object of carrying on life assurance business in all its branches and forms. The authorised capital is Rs. 10,00,000 divided into 20,000 shares of Rs. 50 each and the issued capital, Rs. 3,00,000 divided into 6,000 shares of Rs. 50 each.

The Company has been formed under a strong and influential Board of Directors with Mr. Ashok Hiralal Kaji as Managing Director and Dewan Bahadur Hiralal Kaji, a well-known co-operator, retired Principal of the Gujarat College, Ahmedabad and Chairman of the Bombay Co-operative Insurance Society as chairman of the Board of Directors.

BOMBAY WAR PUBLICITY

Loud speaker programme for to-day (Wednesday):

Marathi: 8 a.m. Recorded music. 8-05 News bulletin. 8-20 Recorded music. 8-25 "Hitler's warning to America"—A talk. 8-30 Recorded music. 8-35 "Hitler's Hostages"—A talk.

Marathi: 5 p.m. Recorded music. 5-05 "British strength in Mediterranean"—A talk. 5-10 Recorded music. 5-15 News bulletin. 5-30 Recorded music. 5-35 "Czechs fight for Freedom"—A talk.

Gujarati: 10 a.m. Recorded music. 10-05 News bulletin. 10-20 Recorded music. 10-25 "Hitler's warning to America"—A talk. 10-30 Recorded music. 10-35 "Hitler's Hostages" —A talk. 10-40 Recorded music.

Gujarati: 4 p.m. Song by a well-known lady singer. 4-05 News bulletin. 4-20 Recorded music. 4-25 British Strength in Mediterranean"—A talk. 4-30 Recorded music. 4-35 "Czechs fight for Freedom"—A talk.

Hindustani: 1 p.m. Recorded music. 1-05 News bulletin. 1-20 Recorded music. 1-25 "Hitler's warning to America"—A Talk.

Hindustani: 6 p.m. Recorded music. 6-05 "Hitler's hostages"—A talk. 6-10 Recorded music. 6-15 News bulletin. 6-30 Recorded music. 6-35 "British strength in Mediterranean" —A talk. 6-40 Recorded music. 6-45 "Czechs fight for freedom"—A talk.

A well-known lady singer will sing over the loud speaker system to-day (Wednesday) at 4 p.m.

Information And Civil Defence Departments

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27.

The creation of the Department of Information and Broadcasting from October 24 is announced in a 'Gazette of India Extraordinary' to-day. The Department is to deal with the following heads of business: Bureau of Public Information, broadcasting, film publicity, office of the Chief Press Adviser and the Directorate of Counter-Propaganda.

The creation of the Department of Civil Defence from the same date is also announced. The Department is to deal with civil defence and control of European man-power.—A. P.

Rukmini Devi In Bhavnagar

(From Our Correspondent)

BHAVNAGAR, Oct. 27.

Dr. G. S. Arundale, President of the Theosophical Society accompanied by Shrimati Rukmini Arundale and party arrived in Bhavnagar from Bombay on Saturday and are staying as guests of the Maharaja of Bhavnagar. During their sojourn Rukmini Devi and party are going to give numerous dance recitals of which the first was staged on Sunday Dr. Arundale and Rukmini Devi will speak on Indian Art and Culture.

Dr. Arundale On Indian Education

(From Our Correspondent.)

BHAVNAGAR, Oct. 28.

"Most of Indian youths have lost the soul of India due to foreign education. The highest kind of education is Swadeshi and not Videshi. The principle of brotherhood and principle of Ahimsa are the richest legacies to Indian education, observed Dr. Arundale President of Theosophical Society while delivering a lecture on "Indian Education in India" before a large gathering including the Maharaja of Bhavnagar and Mr. Anantrai Pattani Dewan on Monday evening. Simplicity of living, spirit of service, self-control and universal brotherhood are marvellous elements of Indian culture, he concluded.

RAJKOT, Oct. 28.

His Highness the Maharaja of Gondal has donated rupees one lakh in aid of Indian families whose supporters are killed or incapacitated in the present war.—A.P.

NO COMMUNALISM IN CRICKET

Pentangular Must Go, Says Dr. Subbaroyan

BANGALORE, Oct. 27.

"The time has come when the Pentangular tournament in Bombay should be given up and first class cricket should be confined to Ranji Trophy matches, observed Dr. P. Subbaroyan, President of the Board of Control, addressing a large gathering of students at Bangalore University Union this evening.

Dr. Subbaroyan hoped the authorities in Bombay would take heed of what Mahatma Gandhi had said recently of the tournament nursing communalism in cricket was not in the interests of the game itself.

C. K. STILL BEST!

Dealing with Indian cricketers, Dr. Subbaroyan said that Major C. K. Naidu would certainly enjoy the proud privilege of being India's first batsman when in form.

Of the younger cricketers, he thought Amarnath was certainly the best, but unfortunately the bad habit in this country of thinking too much of oneself tended to hamper the career of players.

TRIBUTE TO VIJAY

Vijay Merchant he thought was not troubled by all this hero worship and he could keep his head still and make his century without thinking of the gallery.

LESSONS FROM DEODHAR

Dr. Subbaroyan referred to the Maharashtra Cricket team and to the veteran cricketer, Prof. Deodhar, and said that a lesson should be taken from Maharashtra and Prof. Deodhar who was responsible in bringing unity in his team which was able to retain the Ranji Trophy for two consecutive years although it was considered inferior to Southern Punjab and certain other teams.

Princely Order Against Communal Cricket

JAMNAGAR, Oct. 28.

The move against communal cricket is welcomed by His Highness the Jamsaheb as a timely one.

His Highness in a press statement on the subject says:—

The importation of communalism and politics into the playground has been the bane of sport in our country. The move now afoot in Bombay against communal cricket and the Pentangular Matches on communal lines is a very welcome and timely one; and I have no doubt all true lovers of sport and sportsmen will whole-heartedly support this move. For the healthy development of sport, I consider it is high time we got rid of communalism and other such invidious distinctions and vivisections on the field of sport. Games must be played for the sake of the games and should have no basis except skill, and most certainly not caste, creed, or colour. None of the Nawanagar players—good, bad, or indifferent—will be available for or will take part in sport of any kind run on communal lines.

In the condemnation of communalism in sport I know I am voicing the opinion of the entire Princely Order. As lovers and patrons of sport in this country they have nothing but its healthy development at heart and no one can deny that communalism in sport is far from healthy. I take this opportunity to appeal to my brother Princes not to allow their players to participate in communal sport, thus indirect—though with the best of intentions, encouraging such sport.—A.P.

Bengal Mahasabha Conference Objective

CALCUTTA, October 28.

Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, has been requested to inaugurate the forthcoming Bengal Hindu Mahasabha Conference to be held at Burdwan on November 29 and 30 on his return from the proposed Assam tour.

Names of Dr. Syama Prosal Mookerjee, Dr. B. S. Moonje and Dr. N. K. Basu are proposed for the presidentship of the Conference.

It is understood that the agenda of the conference includes consideration of the question of revision of the Bengal census figures, communal riots, restrictions imposed on religious processions, Secondary Education Bill, Damodar flood etc. United Press.

Dr. Naidu To Preside Over Ceylon Indian Conference

SALEM, Oct. 27.

Dr. P. Varadarajulu Naidu, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Maha Sabha, has been invited to preside over the Ceylon Indian Conference to be held in Ceylon in the last week of November. Dr. Naidu has accepted the invitation.—A. P.

CHOLERA IN BARODA STATE

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 28.

Although cholera has disappeared from Kalol and other places in Baroda State, it has made appearance in Pethapur where 60 cases have occurred since October 19 of whom 12 proved fatal.

The State has made inoculation compulsory and ordered hotels and sweetmeatshops to be closed.—A. P.

H. G. Khairaz Cross Examined For 3 Hours In Defamation Case

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Hussein G. Khairaz was cross-examined for nearly three hours when the case filed by him against Messrs. R. J. D'Avoine, Collins and H. W. Smith, editor, publisher and printer respectively of the "Sporting Times" on charges of defamation was resumed this morning before the Chief Presidency Magistrates.

Replying to Mr. Janai, who appeared for the accused, witness stated that the article which appeared in the "Sporting Times" under the heading "Barking up the wrong tree" defamed him in the estimation of the public.

Mr. Janai cross-examined the witness at great length regarding the rules of racing, his experience and technical matters relating to racing. There were several passages-at-arms between the counsel and the witness.

Sir Hormazdiar H. Dastur, who appeared for Mr. Khairaz, referring to the duties of the stipendary stewards remarked that each of them was paid Rs 2,000 a month not for the pleasure of a motor drive but to watch the race in progress and point out the irregularities.

The case stands adjourned to November 29.

"INSIDE KASHMIR" FORFEITED

Police Raid On "Hamdard" Office

SRINAGAR, Oct. 28.

The Kashmir Government have declared forfeited to His Highness the book entitled "Inside Kashmir" by Pandit Prem Nath Bazaz, under the Press Act.

The police searched several premises last night, including the weekly "Hamdard" office, and took possession of some copies.—A.P.

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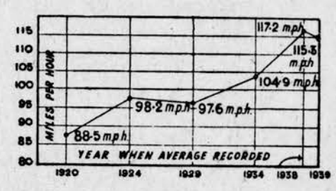

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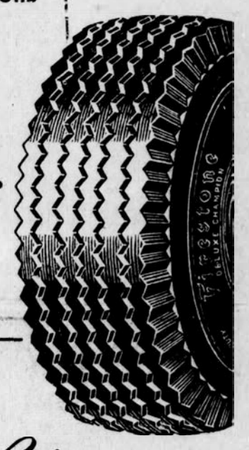

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THE ASSEMBLY

The first day's proceedings of the Central Legislative Assembly were unusually dull on account of the absence of Congress members and the decision of the Muslim League also to boycott the present session. The President ruled out on a technical ground a lively subject like Mr. Govind Deshmukh's adjournment motion which sought to discuss the "inadequacy" of the expansion of the Executive Council and the establishment of the National Defence Council as measures to stimulate the war effort, and suggested that what would be adequate was the release of political prisoners and the promise of Dominion Status on a specified date after the war." The Chair held that matters like the release of political prisoners or the declaration of Dominion Status were not recent or urgent ones in the sense required by the rules. The grave situation caused by a number of forces happening to work together was sufficiently recent and urgent to justify the consideration of Mr. Deshmukh's motion. It is a pity Mr. Deshmukh's motion on the non-application of the Atlantic Charter to India fell through for want of a sufficient number of supporters. This was a serious, recent and urgent matter and demanded a thorough debate. We wonder if any elected members wanted to show to the Congress Party that it might be worthwhile for it to attend the House at least on important occasions. However, it is a significant commentary on the expansion of the Executive Council that the discussion on the resolution would have been permitted by the President but for the technical objection raised by the Leader of the House, Mr. Aney.

No Control Over Defence

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta's speech on the working of the Defence Consultative Committee revealed serious defects therein. His complaint is shared by many that young men who applied for commissions in the army and were educationally and physically fit for them had been unfairly rejected. He rightly asked that the Defence Consultative Committee should be given facts to convince them in every case of rejection that there had been no racial or other discrimination. Sardar Sant Singh's demand was wider but quite reasonable. He insisted that Indians as Indians should be given a hand in the matter of defining and initiating defence policy in the interest of India and none else. The Committee, he said, could not act as a link between the Government and the public unless they were given the fullest information on all matters connected with defence and the fullest confidence was reposed in them. The official reply by Sir G. Bewoor was polite and sympathetic, but did not commit Government to any fresh improvements in the working of the Defence Committee and Defence policy in general.

No Transfer Of Power

A more emphatic protest against Government's policy was made by Mr. Jinnah on the second day prior to the Muslim League Party's walk-out from the House. He protested against the way Government had ignored the League's offer of co-operation in war effort on certain terms. He had agreed, he said, to postpone the decision on major issues till after the war and to co-operate within the framework of the present constitution. He repeated that the League welcomed the Viceroy's announcement of August 1940. But he said: "You must, if you want our co-operation, associate us now with a real, genuine share in the authority of the Government not only in the Centre but in the Provinces." "It is Government and Government alone", he said, "that is responsible. One cannot come to any other conclusion; but that they do not want our assistance and co-operation. When they talk of co-operation they mean it on such terms that no self-respecting man could accept it." Mr. Jinnah is perfectly right in supporting the Congress view that Government alone are responsible for the present deadlock. Unfortunately, neither the Congress nor the League can by itself bend Government to its will. But united, they can easily do so. And that is the only way they can best serve the country. It is not yet too late for them to arrive at a settlement at least for the duration of the war without prejudice to their ultimate respective claims to be considered after the war.

Roosevelt's Challenge Means War

President Roosevelt's Navy Day speech is perhaps the most fighting of all his spirited pronouncements up to date. With the torpedoing of the "Kearney" as the theme, and provocation he hurled defiance at Herr Hitler and Hitlerite ambitions and used the opportunity also of stating formally that war was not a speculative possibility but already an accomplished fact. But more than a defiance of the German Fuhrer, it is a challenge to Isolationists all the more significant because this is the critical week for the Neutrality Act. The challenge was accompanied by a sensational statement regarding documentary proofs of Nazi designs against the Western Hemisphere and the religions of the world. It was a brilliant stroke; for opposition to interventionism is mainly derived both in the U.S.A. and South America from the double sense of religious and hemispherical freedom. Moreover, the exposure places the Isolationists in a strategically difficult position. They cannot accept it and lose their "raison d'etre." And they cannot safely contradict their President preferring the integrity of the Nazis to his. They will probably solve the difficulty by ignoring the revelations. But the challenge about Neutrality they have got to face. And it is a vital challenge.

The President has clearly stated what he wants. He says: ". . . . it is the nation's will that these vital arms and supplies of all kinds shall neither be locked up in American harbours nor sent to the bottom of the sea. It is the nation's will that America shall deliver the goods.....our American merchantships must be armed to defend themselves against the rattlesnakes of the Sea. Our American merchantships must be free to carry our American goods into the harbours of our friends. Our American merchantships must be protected by our American navy." Quite clearly the President demands not only the arming of merchantmen but also permission for them to visit combat zones protected and convoyed by the American Navy. These demands are, of course, a logical progression from the "Lease and Land" policy which is the accepted national policy and which also constitutes a national stake to the tune of billions in the countries fighting aggression. It is in this connection noteworthy that President Roosevelt has plainly and bluntly included Russia and China among "friends". But convoying definitely means war. So that if the American Congress accepts the Bill which the Senate is debating this week America will be formally in the war in a matter of months. It is yet to be seen what Isolationists and Congress do. But meanwhile, the Presidential gage is well and truly thrown down.

Unwise Ban

The Associated Press of India says that the Council of the All-India Muslim League passed a resolution dealing with the British and Soviet Government's action in Iran. The text of the resolution is not given and the report of the discussion on the resolution in the Council is truncated and one-sided. If the Associated Press was responsible for the suppression of the resolution and the one-sided character of the report of the debate it would have convicted itself of a grave dereliction of the duty it owed to the Press. But evidently the Associated Press was not responsible for all this bungling. The text of the resolution and the report of the debate in the Council have been censored by the Chief Press Adviser. It may be that technically the Chief Press Adviser has acted within the law as it stands, but there are other more vital considerations than mere technical compliance with the Defence of India Rules which should prevail in dealing with the sentiments and feelings of a large section of the people and we think the Chief Press Adviser erred most grievously in not taking these considerations into account. Mr. Jinnah speaking about the resolution said: "It had been the avowed and declared policy of the Allies to destroy aggression and protect and safeguard the sovereignty of small nations. That was their principal aim. Indian Mussalmans had no voice in the administration of their country. They did not know what the facts were. They were, therefore, apprehensive about the Muslim countries and it was up to the British Government to remove those fears and apprehensions of Indian Mussalmans by definite deeds. This was all that the resolution asked for." If that was all that the resolution asked for, certainly the heavens would not have fallen if it had been allowed to be published. Even if it asked for more, the fact cannot be ignored that its suppression would do great harm to the interests of Government themselves. The papers may not publish it, but rumour would circulate its text or exaggerated versions of it among millions of Muslims all over the country and the official ban on it would only exacerabate their feelings. Apart from this, the ban constitutes an unwarranted interference with the right of the Press and we are not sure if the Chief Press Adviser consulted the Central Advisory Committee of the Editors' Conference before imposing the ban. At any rate, it is a thoroughly bad beginning for Sir Akbar Hydrai who assumed control over the office of the Chief Press Adviser on Friday last and shows what little difference the expansion of the Viceroy's Executive Council has made so as respect for the fundamental liberties of the people is concerned. Sir Akbar Hydari must see that the ban on the publication of the resolution passed by the Council of the League is at once removed.

IS HITLER BETTER OFF NOW THAN IN JUNE?

By WICKHAM STEED in a recent B.B.C. talk

With hundreds of millions of people throughout Europe and the world I am, of course, intensely interested in the great fight for Moscow, I find that some effort is needed to keep a sense of proportion and perspective, yet the effort has to be made, and it is well worth making.

Not to make it, is to surrender one's mind to the influence direct and indirect, of German propaganda and to forfeit independence of judgment. This is a world-wide struggle or, as Mr. Winston Churchill called it the other day, a "prodigious world drama in which we are now plunged." And we play the enemy's game if we allow ourselves to imagine that the outcome of this drama depends upon the success or failure of a given military effort at a given place or time.

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Let us look back a little. Let us ask whether the British and Allied position is now better or worse than it was in mid-June before the German offensive against Russia began. If we find that it is no worse, or even potentially better, we, who were not downhearted then, have no reason to pull long faces now.

In mid-June, opinions were sharply divided. Some people who thought themselves good judges, and who certainly had access to much fuller information than average men and women could command, were persuaded that Soviet Russia would yield to German demands for the control of Russian oil and industrial output, because the main policy of Stalin had long been to avoid a conflict with Germany.

Others who were also in a position to be well informed thought that, if Hitler should attack Russia, the German offensive would go through the Russian armies like a knife through butter and that Hitler would carry out his plan to enter Moscow within six weeks.

And when the German offensive actually began and Hitler proclaimed that its object was to get rid of the Russian danger before he turned west to settle accounts with Britain once and for all, it was argued in some quarters, that he would draw such strength from his prospective conquest of Russia as to make the danger to Britain far more serious.

I did not share these opinions last June, though my military knowledge was far too slight to justify me in controverting them. I remembered only that, to say nothing of Asiatic Russia, European Russia covers a vast territory, and that in 1918, even after peace had been made between Germany, Austria—Hungary and Soviet Russia at Brest Litovsk, General Ludendorff had been obliged to keep in Russia a million German soldiers, whose weight might have turned the scale against the Allies in the West, if they could have been brought back to support Ludendorff's great offensive.

I thought that Hitler was running a great risk for the sake of a big prize, such as access to Russian oil in the Caucasus, and that in striking for this prize, he would be bound to suffer losses so heavy that his attack upon Britain in the west might be impracticable for some time to come.

Meanwhile Britain would not be growing weaker, and the support of the United States to the Allied cause would increase.

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Now, let us look at the facts. Hitler did not enter Moscow in six weeks, he has not got there in four months. His losses have been very heavy, exactly how heavy we do not know, but at any rate heavy enough to inspire repeated German complaints about the unexpected strength of Russian resistance.

In this matter I am inclined to base my personal view less on official statements than on such trustworthy information as may trickle through from Germany.

Some of this information has come to my knowledge this week. It refers to German losses up to the third week of September, and it confirms Mr. Winston Churchill's estimate on September 30, that German casualties in killed and wounded were certainly not less than 1,500,000 men.

This information also lends substance to a report that a number of German Generals protested to Hitler against a frontal attack on Russia, because it must seriously weaken the German army without bringing on a definite decision in the war. Their losses in men and material, this information adds, have far exceeded the most pessimistic forecasts made by those Generals, and it states that before the end of September, the German Air Force had lost nearly 40 per cent of its fighting strength.

The great push towards Moscow and not yet been begun and it seems reasonable to suppose that it also will have cost the Germans dear.

What does it matter, it may be asked, if the Germans lose heavily, provided that they gain their object? The Russian losses must also have been very heavy!

I think that this objection misses the point. The real point is whether Hitler would have been stronger or weaker for what he looks upon as his decisive blow at Britain if he had not attacked Russia. There was never any question of Russia attacking him.

On the assumption that Russian resistance continues throughout the winter and until Anglo-American co-operation can replace some of the Russian losses, I think that Hitler will be decidedly weaker for some time to come.

And then there is a long-range consideration which is not always taken into account. If Hitler had thrown the whole of the terrific weight of the German army and air force against Britain while Soviet Russia maintained a neutrality more or less friendly to Germany, the chances of any satisfactory reorganization of Europe, even in the event of a crushing German defeat in the West, would have been much poorer than they are to-day.

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The alliance between Britain and Russia, the application of the Lease and Lend principle to British co-operation with Russia, and the great share which the United States is taking in that co-operation, have put a new complexion upon the war itself and upon the prospects of a constructive settlement in a liberated Europe after the war. Some may think that to say this is to count one's chickens before they are hatched. It may be so, but I for one am quite unable to count any chickens at all unless I take it for granted as a certainty that the mother hen of all the chickens will be victory for the Allied cause.

Like a few other Englishmen who have watched and studied the behaviour of Germany since the end of the last Great War, and especially since Hitler came into power, I have been convinced that the guiding principle of German policy is the destruction of Britain as the ultimate obstacle to German mastery in the world.

This was Germany's main object in the war of 1914-1918; for years Hitler and the German Army have been aiming at it still more consistently and powerfully. President Roosevelt has warned his own people again and again that, if Britain were to go down, the United States would have a poor chance of saving itself or the Western Hemisphere.

But the German attack on Russia, and to some extent dislike of the Soviet system of Government, has induced a good many people in more than one country to look upon the Russo-German struggle with some degree of complacency.

This is a very dangerous mood. There was never any prospect that Britain and her allies could win the war without the utmost effort and readiness for sacrifice on their part, or that, magnificent though Russian heroism has been and is, it could hold its bulwark, unless Britain and the United States took advantage of the time it gave to throw everything they have got into the task of defeating the enemy of mankind.

The Battle of Moscow helps to remind us and others of the truth we should never allow ourselves to lose sight of. It is not only a question of sending weapons and other war supplies to Russia, of turning out the 30,000 tanks for which Lord Beaverbrook has asked. It is a question of heartening the Russian people and of bracing ourselves to meet whatever dire emergencies the future may hold in store, by proving that we realise here and now that this is total war, calling for total devotion until total victory has been achieved.

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This, indeed, is the real temper of the British people, no matter what shallow eddies of thoughtless opinion may now and again seem to whirl on the surface of the broad stream of national purpose, and the chief reason for Mr. Winston Churchill's hold upon our people as national leader, is that he has never failed to express the depths of public feeling.

Neither he nor any man can know how long the ordeal will last. Its duration may be longer or shorter than most of us imagine.

Reminiscences are sometimes misleading, yet sometimes they serve to point a moral which it is well to bear in mind. Towards the end of 1917, after Italy had been hard hit by disaster at Caporetto, and when Ludendorff was preparing what he thought would be his crushing and decisive offensive in the spring of 1918, an emissary from a neutral country went to Paris in order to implore the French, as a friend of France, to make peace before it was too late.

He got the answer: "We are not afraid".

"But you don't know what awaits you," said the emissary. "I have been to Germany and I know. You will be crushed. I implore you to make peace while there is still time."

"We are not afraid," was again the answer.

"If that is true" replied the emissary, "if you are really not afraid, hold on, the Germans cannot long stand the strain."

Should Hitler get to Moscow, should he imagine that Russia is beaten, other emissaries, or he himself, might adjure us to make peace while there is yet time. But if I know anything of the temper of our people, Hitler and his Agents will get the same answer as the neutral emissary got in November 1917, and we shall again see who can stand the strain.

Frankly Speaking

Italian Losses

According to Admiral Cunningham, Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean Fleet, the Navy and Fleet Air Arm are now sinking no less than 30 per cent of Axis shipping crossing the Mediterranean to Africa. If the damage inflicted day and night by the R.A.F. is also taken into account, the Axis must be losing half the supplies sent to their troops in Libya. And with the intensification of R.A.F. activities it may be assumed that their troops are being reduced to living from hand to mouth and that they are unable to take the initiative. In that case two courses are open to the British. They can strike themselves. This they are apparently not disposed to do. Then, in the alternative, they can easily "contain" the Axis forces and send their reserves to the Russian front where they will, in fact, be most useful at this juncture. At the same time, however, they can extend and intensify their aerial hammering of Italy. In spite of bad weather—a poor excuse—a few "flying fortresses", for instance, could be sent from Britain to raid important towns in northern Italy every night while Southern Italy was pounded from Malta. The material damage would probably not be considerable but the damage to morale certainly would.

Significant Suggestion

The Japanese are still carefully refraining to show their hands although they have just tried a minor skirmish on the Russian frontier. That this incident did happen and, what is more, was deliberately planned, is evident from the fact that the official Russian News Agency has been forced to give publicity to it. It was perhaps a kind of tentative probe to determine possible Russian reaction. That reaction was immediately forthcoming and, we believe, that it will keep the Japanese quiet for some time. But it is certain that Japan is preparing to strike either north or south. In either case the Japanese menace urgently demands to be forestalled now. And the best and most effective method of doing, so is the one suggested, significantly enough, by the London "Times". It consists in the immediate establishment of "a firm and uncompromising unity of purpose between Great Britain and America" in the Pacific. And that purpose, although the paper does not plainly say so, is to challenge Japan whether she turns north or south.

Cotton Growers' Plight

In the debate in the Assembly on Mr. Govind Deshmukh's motion demanding relief to cotton growers, the Commerce Member stated what Government had done so far to help them. The extent or adequacy of Government's help may be gauged from the fact that the cotton growers are still very badly off and get a poor price for their goods. As Government are most responsible for the present position, they ought to give more help by buying larger stocks of cotton even if short staple for their military purposes and by allowing larger use of the short staple for the cloth made for them. If Government decide to help handspinning on a large scale, they can thereby appreciably help the cotton grower as well as the spinner and the weaver. And they will also secure the huge quantities of cloth they need for war purposes.

Explanation Needs Explanation

The Government of India have often given explanations "to remove misapprehensions" about the Eastern Group Council. But the explanations have often added to the apprehension and have needed fresh explanations. In reply to a question on the subject Sir H. P. Mody, the new Supplies Member, only stoutly asserted that "there was no question of the subordination of the interests of one country to those of another". But he did not quote facts and figures to disprove the widely prevalent fear of discrimination against India. Why does he not mention the various important articles contributed by each country of the Group and their total value? "In every case referred to the Council," he said, "for the establishment of new factories in India partly or wholly for the purposes of His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom, India has received the fullest encouragement and support." One wouold like to know what encouragement has been offered to the proposed automobile industry in India.

Judge Cross-Examined In "Hindustan Times" Case

HEARING CONCLUDES: JUDGMENT ON NOV. 14

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 28.

The hearing of the "Hindustan Times" Contempt of Court Case was resumed to-day in the Allahabad High Court before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Collister. Mr. Hari Shanker Vidyarthy, second Additional Sessions Judge, Meerut, appeared in court to-day and was cross-examined by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru on behalf of Mr. R. S. Singhal. This closed the evidence in the case and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru opened argument on behalf of Mr. Devdas Gandhi and Mr. R. L. Singhal. Sir Tej was still arguing when the court rose for lunch.

With reference to yesterday's proceedings, it may be added that the point made out at the outset by the court was not that the notice served against Mr. Singhal should also have been served against the editor, printer and publisher of the "Hindustan Times", but that it should have been made clear in the notice that it related to the news item which had appeared in the "Hindustan Times" of August 3. Sir Tej Bahadur agreed that he fully understood that the notice for contempt of court of which he accepted service in respect of Mr. R. L. Singhal applied to the news item which he sent on August 1, 1941, and which was published in the issue of the "Hindustan Times" dated August 3.

JUDGEMENT ON NOV. 14.

The hearing of the case was concluded to-day. Judgement will be delivered on November 14.

After lunch, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru continued his argumen's. Sir Wazir Hasan argued for Mr. Hari Shanker Vidyarthi and the Government advocate for the Crown. With Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru's reply the hearing came to a conclusion.

CROSS-EXAMINATION.

Mr. Hari Shanker Vidyarthi cross-examined by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru denied that Mr. Singhal or Mr. Gauri Shanker had ever gone to see him. He said Mr. S. C. Gupta was one of the lawyers from whom he had taken a statement in writing. Mr. Gupta had been summoned as a witness, but was not produced because he told Mr. Vidyarthi that his friends and probably also relations were pressing him not to give evidence against the Congress.

Rai Saheb Moti Lal, Government Pleader, had been summoned, but not produced, because he had told Mr. Vidyarthi that at the instigation of some Congressmen, complaints had been made against him to the Commissioner Mr. Bannerji, which, it was said would be pressed if he gave evidence. Witness said in answer to a question that he had brought the matter to the notice of his local lawyer.

Question: Was it with a view to take steps to prevent tampering with evidence?

Answer: I was alone, and the other side was working in hundreds and thousands.

Question: Did you not bring the matter to the notice of the High Court?

Answer: I was not present here, and they had come to me and told me that they would give evidence. Witness said that they had told him, that notwithstanding pressure, they would support his case. Witness said, he had seen Mr. Akbar Hussain, I.C.S., and had admitted to him having collected money in the court. Witness said that he had told Mr. Dikshit about his conversation with Mr. Akbar Hussain and had also told him that witness had collected money, but had never mentioned the names of the Chief Justice or the Governor. Witness said that he did see Mr. Dikshit again on September 3, because Mr. Dikshit had told witness that he had called Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Bhardwaj to correct their impression, regarding the reference of the Chief Justice and the Governor.

Question: Why were you so anxious to correct that impression?

Answer. I was not anxious. Mr. Dikshit was anxious, because he was interested in war funds.

SAPRU INTERVENES

When asked about the political leanings of Mr. Swami, witness said he had no personal knowledge but he was told Mr. Swami was a staunch Congress worker and was perhaps prosecuted and convicted. He had also supported Mr. Pyarelal Sharma, Congress Candidate, against Sir Sita Ram in the election.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru at this point said it was unfair to Mr. Swami to ask these questions this time and that they should have been put to Mr. Swami, when he was in the witness box. Sir Tej Bahadur stated that he had made enquiries from his clients and was told that Mr. Swami

(Continued on Page 11)

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

LUCKNOW, Oct. 26.

"Ploughing for victory" campaign is a slogan of the Agriculture Department of the U. P. Government who have launched an ambitious campaign to make the cultivator work hardest from now to secure the largest possible area of 'rabi' crops.—United Press.

* * *

In a letter to an intermediary Mr. A. K. Fazlul Haq pleaded that the question of withdrawing allegations against Mr. Jinnah "required calm thinking of which I am incapable with my temperature of 102."

From which the Junior Colleague somehow deduces the rather irrelevant theory that the temperature of 102 is more or less chronic with the Bengal Premier.

* * *

Subsequently, however, Mr. Fazlul Haq defiantly told the Press: "I am not prepared to withdraw the allegation..... I will not submit to Hitlerite methods" and so on.

Evidently Mr. Fazlul Haq's temperature had, in the meantime, shot up higher. But we are not alarmed. We confidently hope that it will come down to normal—for the time—within the prescribed ten days.

* * *

But even the temperature of Mr. Fazlul Haq dwindles into insignificance before the historic, almost world-shaking drama that was enacted in the Central Legislature on Tuesday last.

Mr. M. A. JINNAH WALKED OUT OF THE ASSEMBLY ALONG WITH HIS MUSLIM LEAGUE FOLLOWERS.

To the Junior Colleague's eager and excited "what next?", however, the answer is that Mr. Jinnah and his followers will walk back in the next session.

* * *

The Honourable Srijut Aney's very first task as "Leader of the House" was, we learn, to object to an adjournment motion tabled by a former colleague.

How very aptly symbolical!

* * *

According to Anglo-India, "An expanded Executive Council and deflated opposition strength presented a strange scene" in the Central Assembly.

It was most certainly strange. But isn't the appropriate word "inflated" rather than "expanded"?

* * *

In a letter to the British Press U. Saw says: "The people of Burma are waiting for me to come back with Britain's answer."

We thought the people of Burma were fond only of lemon-coloured dress and not the fruit itself.

* * *

Between them the British Navy and the R.A.F. are destroying something like 50 per cent of the supplies which the Axis are trying to send to their troops in Africa.

The British Army is now only waiting for the percentage to reach 100.

* * *

The London "Times" urges that Japan can be stopped from striking at Russia by Anglo-American firmness.

Is it a private suggestion or a semi-authoritative intelligent anticipation?

* * *

The Soviet News Agency announces a skirmish between Japanese soldiers and Soviet frontier guards.

If it wasn't—e— a "mistake", aren't the Japanese being a little too premature?

* * *

"What must I talk about to a lady to please her.'

"Her beauty?"

"And if she has none?"

"About the plainness of others."

R.A.F. Brings Hope To Hostages In Nantes

Frenchmen Greet British Bombers: Benghazi Raided Again: Attack On "Toe" Of Italy: Patriots Active In Gondar

LONDON, Oct. 28.

The people of Nantes where fifty hostages are imprisoned received a message of hope and promise of ultimate deliverance when R.A.F. bombers flew low over the town at dusk on Sunday evening distributing thousands of leaflets.

Many French people replied with messages of their own, although the town was surrounded by German troops.

British bombers flying in from the coast at a low height were greeted by a series of lights from doors suddenly flung open or blackout curtains torn aside.

Recording this, the Air Ministry News Service says that one pilot reported: "At one place we saw the VEE sign laid out on the ground with oil lamps, while in one house lights were flashed on and off."

'En route' to Nantes the bombers flew so low that one pilot had to rise sharply to avoid sand dunes and another to avoid trees.

During their visit the R.A.F dropped heavy bombs and incendiaries on the dock area

COTRONE BRIDGE HIT

CAIRO:—An R. A. F. 'communique' states that R. A. F. bombers yesterday attacked a goods train and hit the railway station and a bridge near Cotrone in southern Italy.

ENEMY BEATEN OFF

A Middle East 'communique' states:

TOBRUK:—Owing to bad visibility our patrols yesterday mistook the location of our listening post which was believed to have been overrun during the night of October 24th/25th.

Yesterday the listening post with its garrison was found to be intact, a small party of British and other ranks having successfully beaten off an attack by superior enemy forces.

Yesterday in the frontier area our patrolling activities were again continued without interference from the country.

IN ABYSSINIA

NAIROBI:—A joint official 'communique' issued to-day by the High Command and Air Headquarters in Nairobi states: "On October 24th an enemy patrol from Deva area, north-west of Gondar, was engaged by patriot forces and driven back with losses. Patriots suffered no casualties.

On October 25th our aircraft attacked an enemy encampment and motor transport near Guramba, South of Gondar, with bombs and machine-gun fire. Direct hits were observed.

Guramba is an important market centre from which General Nasi gets supplies for his forces which are surrounded in Gondar area.

On October 27th a number of bombs were dropped in trenches near Deva in Gondar area by the R. A. F.

Reconnaissance flights were carried out by the South African Air Force.

"TOE" OF ITALY BOMBED

ROME:—Another British raid on Benghazi, an Axis supply base on the Libyan coast, is reported in Tuesday's Italian 'communique' which states that the R. A. F also bombed places in the "Toe" of Italy.-

NAZI FIGHTER SHOT DOWN.

An enemy fighter was shot down into the sea near the French coast this morning by one of our fighters. It is now known that three more enemy fighters, making a total of six, were destroyed by our fighters in yesterday's offensive operations.—Reuter

HARDER TIMES FOR CIVILIANS

Sir John Anderson On Plans Regarding Man-Power & Aid To Russia

LONDON, Oct. 28.

Sir John Anderson, speaking in London to-day, said that Government's plans regarding man-power would involve further inconveniences and even hardship for civilian population. Stressing the impossibility of publishing plans without giving information to Germany, Sir John Anderson said: "If I were to tell you what we have undertaken to supply to Russia and what we are going to send her without fail you would be amazed. If I could state this in terms of man-power you would find the figures staggering." It would be a tight squeeze, he said as fighting and war industries required more and more of supplies normally available for civilians, but civilians have shown that they could face it.—Reuter.

LISBON:—The Portuguese press to-day publishes the official texts of agreements reached between Portugal and Australia for the establisment of an airline between Portuguese Timor and Port Darwin and also of an agreement between Portugal and Japan for an airline between timor and the Palao Islands signed on 13th October.—Reuter.

"ANNALIST" PRICKS GOEBBEL BUBBLE

(Continued from page 1)

shal von Bock is concentrating the main drives of this third stage of his offensive on only two directions—Mojaisk and Maloyaroslavets.

The southern arm of the pincer through Orel has never acquired the necessary momentum to give it a decisive character, while rapid movement on the northern arm facing Kalinin once looked dangerous, but fighting still continues there.

The Russians are still fighting in the streets of the city, much of which has been blasted away during the incessant battle.

Red Success On Leningrad Front

The Russian forces have scored successes at two points on the Leningrad front, the Moscow radio announced on Monday night.

Despite snow and cold slush, Russian units commanded by Jamerovsky ousted the Germans from one position, capturing three guns, a number of machine-guns and trench-mortars. The Russians used one captured gun and some Germans were killed by their own shells.

At another point the Russians repulsed eight German attacks in a single day and then themselves assumed the offensive, capturing some ground.

The Rumanians lost more than a quarter million dead or wounded in fighting at the approaches of Odessa, states the Official Tass Agency which adds: "The German Command has now transferred Rumanian troops to most dangerous sectors of the Central Moscow front."—Reuter.

SURPRISE FOR HITLER

STOCKHOLM: German supplies are being labouriously brought up as far east as possible to be amassed for a final storming of Moscow, according to the Berlin correspondents of Stockholm newspapers who state that impassable roads have necessitated a momentary halt on the Eastern Front, but operations will be resumed as soon as the roads allow.

The Germans admit that the Russians' declared intention to defend every street and house is not empty words and realise that the capture of Moscow will not be an easy task. The intensity of the fire of the aiti-aircraft batteries defending Moscow has been generally admitted on all sides.

Now comes a report from the Swedish correspondent that the Germans are amazed at the heaviness of the Russian anti-aircraft fire at Kronstadt which also apparently exceeds the London barrage. The Russians are defending with particular stubbornness the area remaining to them between Leningrad and Ladoga. The Russian fighter force at Leningrad is strong enough perpetually to harass German bombers.

Nazi Propaganda Bubble Pricked

The following is military commentary by "Annalist".—

In the last Great War when German propaganda had not been developed to such an art as it has under the ministrations of Josef Goebbels war communique had a stereotyped phrase when there was nothing adventageous to report. This expression became famous and was accepted generally as implying that things were not going too well.

In the present war when the German have advanced from success to success against unprepared and less well equipped armies there has till recently not been any occasion for any similar phrase to crystallise, but since the beginning of the Russian campaign circumstances have altered. Already on repeated occasions the Germans have been forced to confine themselves to the statement that "operations are proceeding successfully on the rest of the front."

TIDE TURNS?

Thus to-day again after claiming the capture of the town of Krasnatroskaya on the Donetz Basin, the German 'communique' again uses the now stereotyped expression. To refer to the main battle front of the Central Sector where bitterest fighting has been going on for days and weeks, where Germany's strongest forces and most numerous armoured divisions are striving their utmost to force a passage to the heart of Russian resistance; to refer to this battle as "rest of the front" is deliberate understatement or is also so uncharacteristically German as to make one feel that German troops and aspirations have been foiled; that their claims of complete annihilation or disintegration of Russian forces have been falsified; that the battle for Moscow is beginning to go against him.

The Russian 'communique' speaks of continued stubborn fighting in the Mojaisk and Maloyaroslaverts Sectors. Kalinin is not mentioned. So it would look as though pressure had eased a little both on that quarter and north of Orel. In view of the advanced season it is quite possible that the Germans may even withdraw from some of these more advanced positions where living conditions and problems of supply would prove supremely difficult. But this is merely speculation and no official information is available to appraise its accuracy.—Reuter.

German Supply Ship Ablaze

R. A. F. Activity Off Norway And Gondar Area

Aircraft of R. A. F. Coastal Command on patrol bombed German supply ship of medium size off Norway last night and left it burning fiercely says Air Ministry News Service. Beaufort attacked from mast height with bombs while rear gunner swept vessel with machine-gun fire.

As aircraft flew away whitish smoke from the ship was just visible in darkness. Soon however it began to glow. Then flames burst out and were still visible 25 miles away. Another Beaufort dropped bombs on docks at Egersund.

Hudson aircraft of Coastal Command attacked another convoy off Texel, bombing largest ship and machine-gunning others. Night was too dark however to observe definite results.

Joint communique issued by command and air H. Q. East Africa Nairobi states: "Offensive patrols by our ground forces yesterday drew fire from enemy forward positions on Gondar-Asmara Road. We suffered no casualties.

HARASSING IN GONDAR AREA.

Patriot forces continue to harass enemy in whole Gondar area, and three more important Kamant chiefs from inside Italian lines have come over our side. Others have announced intention of joining up."

R. A. F. continued against enemy in Gondar area on 25 October. Motor transports and large concentration tents south of Gondar were successfully bombed and machine-gunned.

British Tanker Torpedoed

NEW YORK, October 28.

"British Mariner" which has been carrying American oil to Britain was torpedoed and probably sunk on October 20th during an attack against a convoy 250 miles west of Monrovia, according to marine circles who report that the attack occurred near the spot where America's "Lehigh" was sunk the day before.

The "British Mariner" has a tonnage of 6,996 and is owned by the British Tanker Company Limited and is registered in London.—Reuter.

Supplemental Lease And Lend Bill

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.

The House of Representatives approved on Monday a compromise version of the Supplemental Lease and Lend Bill, setting a fresh vote at approximately 6,161 million dollars.

The prohibition against using these funds to the purchase of agricultural products outside the United States had previously been removed by the House-Senate Conference Committee.

The revised measure provides 5,985 million dollars for stricly Lease and Lend, the usual balance being for other defence purposes. The measure must also pass the Senate.

Kazmi Quits Independents

NEW DELHI, Oct. 28.

Mr. Muhammed Ahmed Kazmi informs the "United Press" that he has resigned from the membership of the Independent Party the leader of which is Sir Henry Gidney. The total number of members of this party is now ten. —United Press.

Developments In Moscow Campaign

KUJBYSHEV, October 28.

One of the most interesting developments in the Moscow campaign according to Reuter's special correspondent, has also occurred in the Kalinin region — the Russians delivering stinging blows with tanks into the enemy's rear in the highway running north to south. The Germans were feeding reserves and supplies material into Kalinin from the south and their plans were upset by the Soviet's use of tank operation such as they themselves are accustomed to carry out in order to disturb Soviet formations.

Some Soviet tanks actually reached Kalinin itself. One drove through and joined up with the forces which are defending the northern quarters of the town. The Germans blew up bridges leading into the town from the south.—Reuter.

Red Planes Destroy 50 Enemy Tanks

MOSCOW, Oct. 28.

Bombers of the Red Air Force destroyed 50 tanks, 200 lorries, six artillery emplacements and over two infantry regiments on Monday in the battle raging before the Russian capital according to the Moscow radio.

In air combats 19 German aircraft were brought down.

Referring to the Leningrad fighting the announcer said that the Red Army took back several points in the course of the day and inflicted heavy losses on the enemy in men and material.—Reuter.

DARK CLOUDS OVER WORLD

Turkish President Tells Danger To Country Is Still There

LONDON, Oct. 28.

"The international situation is still dark and far from being promising", declared the Turkish Premier, Saydam, broadcasting on the occasion of the Turkish National Day which falls to-morrow.

In Europe, Africa and Asia nations are fighting with all the means at their disposal. Incalculable amount of blood is flowing and innumerable monuments of civilisation are disappearing.

Nations outside this conflict are affected by this prodigious crisis. Our country is among the latter category. We want every Turkish citizen to know that the danger is still there and not passed. Our heroic army is stronger than yesterday and will be yet stronger to-morrow. We have full confidence in it.—Reuter.

Ceylon Reforms Proposals

Examination After War. Colonial Secretary On Liberty And Races

LONDON, Oct. 28.

The Colonial Office announces that the British Government has had further consideration of the question of constitutional reform in Ceylon.

The urgency and importance of the reform of the Constitution is fully recognised by Government, but before taking decisions upon the present proposals for reform, concerning which there has been so little unanimity, but which are of such importance to the well-being of Ceylon, the British Government would desire that the position should be further examined and made subject of further consultation by means of a Commission or a Conference.

This cannot be arranged under war conditions, but the matter will be taken up with the least possible delay after the war.

Colonial People And Liberty

Lord Moyne, Colonial Secretary, speaking in London to-day said that to divide the lines of development of the colonial people from those of our own race was inconsistent with all we were fighting for. If we were fighting for liberty, we could not set bounds to the advancement of other races, which looked to us for their welfare. He did not believe that there were any obstacles to full equality, but there were obstacles in prejudice.—Reuter.

LOYALTY TO DR. BENES

Czech Independence Day Celebrations In City

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

On the occasion of the 23rd Czech Independence Day, a message reiterating their pledge of loyalty to Dr. Benes and the Czechoslovakian Government was despatched to Dr. Benes, President of Czechoslovakia, London, by the Czechoslovak Society in Bombay to-day.

Czechoslovaks in the city celebrated their national day, officially called the 28th October, to-day. It is to commemorate October 28, 1918, when the Czechoslovaks two weeks before the World War the first actually ended established themselves as an independent nation and state.

There was a good gathering of Czechoslovaks at their Consulate in the city where film shorts of the Czech army under training in England and the members of the Czechoslovakian Government at work were shown.

Mr. Ladislav Urban, Consul for Czechoslovakia in Bombay, in a broadcast talk to-night declared: "used as we are to German attacks for the past thousand years, we soon recovered from the first shock, with grim determination to resist our age-long enemy. Nothing will break our national spirit, even if the deprived invader of our land resorted to murdering our youths, students, teachers, political leaders and working men. Our country which since the Middle Ages believed in non-violence, in brotherhood, in humanitarian principles, in seeking and defending the truth which placed the destiny of the nation into the hands of men of the highest moral qualities, like Masaryk and Benes, is transformed to-day. We shall never forget what the enemy did to us. We are at war with Germany—at home and abroad".

A token contribution of Rs. 500 was made on the occasion to the Bombay War Gifts Fund by the Czechoslovak Society.—A. P.

8 TO 1 SUPPORT TO ROOSEVELT SPEECH

WASHINGTON, October 28.

President Roosevelt's Press Secretary, Mr. Stephen Early, told newspaper men that telegraph lines and the telephone switchboard at White House had "collapsed" today under the load of messages regarding the President's Navy Day speech. He added that these messages favoured the speech by about eight to one.—Reuter.

Formation Of Reuter Trust

Five-Point Declaration Of Policy: Principles Of New Arrangement

LONDON, Oct. 28.

After discussion with the Chancellor of the Exchequer and the Minister of Information the following arrangements with regard to Reuters are announced.

The Press Association, who were sole holders of the shares of Reuters Limited, have decided, in co-operation with the Newspaper Proprietors' Association, to enter into common and equal partnership in Reuters and to set up a Reuter Trust. To this end the Newspaper Proprietors' Association has purchased from the Press Association one half of the capital of Reuters. The effect of this is that Reuters is now owned by the British Press as a whole.

A Declaration of Trust has been signed by both parties setting forth the principles which will be maintained under the new ownership which is regarded as in the nature of a Trust rather than as an investment.

FIVE-POINT DECLARATION

In particular the parties have undertaken to use their best endeavours to ensure:

Firstly, that Reuters shall at no time pass into the hands of any one interest, group, or faction.

Secondly, that its integrity, independence and freedom from bias shall at all times be fully preserved.

Thirdly, that its business shall be so administered that it shall supply an unbiassed and reliable news service to the British Dominion, Colonial, foreign and other overseas newspapers and agencies with which it has or may hereafter have contracts.

Fourthly, that it shall pay due regard to the many interests which it serves in addition to those of the press, and

Fifthly, that no effort shall be spared to expand, develop and adapt the business of Reuters in order to maintain in every event its position as a leading world News Agency.

FIRST TRUSTEES

An equal number of trustees are being appointed by the Press Association and the Newspaper Proprietors' Association to carry out the above undertakings. An independent Chairman of the Trustees is to be appointed by the Lord Chief Justice. The first trustees of the Reuter Trust are Lord Rothermere, Lord Camrose, Lord Kemsley, Lord Southwood, J. R. Scott, Allan Jeans, the Honourable Rupert Beckett, and W. T. Bailey.

The management of the company will be a Board of six Directors representing the Press Association and the Newspaper Proprietors' Association.

IRREVOCABLE FOR 21 YEARS

Provision has been made that the Trust shall be irrevocable for a minimum period of 21 years and that thereafter it shall not be amended or dissolved unless the matter has been submitted to the Lord Chief Justice and shall not be dissolved unless he is satisfied that, by reason of the circumstances then existing, it is impracticable to secure the objects of the Trust as set out above by continuing its operation in its present or any amended form.—

REUTER DIRECTORATE

The following are the six Directors of Reuters:—Ralph Deakin ("The Times"), W. Raymon Derwent (Westminster Press Provincial Newspapers Limited), A. MacLean Ewing ("Glasgow Herald"), W. J. Haley ("Manchester Guardian" and "Evening News" Limited), H. N. Heywood (Allied Newspapers Limited) and Robert J. Prew ("Daily Mail").

A. MacLean Ewing, W. T. Bailey and W. Raymon Derwent are the three members of the new Reuter Board who were already Directors of Reuters. A. MacLean Ewing has been Deputy Chairman of Reuters for more than six years.—Reuter.

ASSEMBLY INTERPELLATIONS

(Continued from page 1)

Indians themselves. If so, was it not inconsistent with that announcement that the framework should be prepared by a non-Indian?

"WHY NOT AN INDIAN"

Mr. Aney declined to admit the implication that the framework was being prepared, and said framing the constitution was different from collection of information in which Mr. Hodson was engaged.

Sardar Sant Singh: Could not the collection of information be done by an Indian?

Mr. Aney repeated his reply that the appointment was one made by the Governor-General in his discretion.

Replying to Mr. Govind Deshmukh, Mr. Aney said "Government are of course aware of the conclusions of the Conference held at Poona and of the statement reported to have been made by the Premier of the Punjab."

In a written reply to a question put but not asked by Shaikh Rafiuddin Ahmad Siddique, a member of the Muslim League party, Mr. Aney said: The Government of India have communicated the criticisms of the Indo-Burma Agreement to the Secretary of State."—A. P.

COLLIERS REJECT, THRICE,

Roosevelt's Request To Abandon Strike

GRIM FIGHT BETWEEN U. S. LABOUR UNION AND STEEL CORPORATION

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.

President Roosevelt's request that the strike of 53,000 coal-miners shall be abandoned has been refused by Mr. John Lewis, President of the United Mine-workers' Union.

President Roosevelt had sent a letter to Mr. Lewis, President of the United Mine-workers of America, stating, "For the third time your Government through me asks you and the officers of the United Mine-workers to authorise the immediate resumption of mining."

The President's letter pointed out that whatever the issues in dispute, the question of adequate fuel supply was of the greatest interest and importance to national welfare.

Grim Fight

The mines involved are those operated by steel companies supplying over 80 per cent of the steel required for national defence and President Roosevelt declared that his request was made "in the interests of the nation's safety and defence."

Mr. Lewis replying by letter asserts that the defence output of the mines will not be impaired.

He adds, "This is a fight only between the Labour Union and ruthless corporation—the United Steel Corporation."

Representatives Denounce Lewis

President Roosevelt replied immediately to Mr. Lewis' rejection of his request that the coal miners' strike should be abandoned.

In a tersely written letter the President said, "Whatever may be the issues, there is every reason for the continuance of negotiations. There is no reason for the stoppage of work. It is, therefore, essential that mining of coal should go on without interruption."

Though Mr. Lewis said that the strike could continue indefinitely without detriment to the defence programme, reports from steel circles say that at the most, mills have only from one to six weeks coal supply above ground.

Representatives, Mr. Cox and Mr. Colmer denounced Mr. Lewis in the House.—Reuter

STRIKE HITS AT U. S STEEL WORKS

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.

The operations of the United States Steel Corporation's mills will be cut from capacity to between eighty and ninety per cent owing to lack of coal, it is announced.

This follows the strike by miners. Operations in most districts, the Corporation announces, will cease entirely in two weeks' time if the mining of coal is not immediately resumed.

There is no word from other companies but it is thought that all are similarly situated.—Reuter.

FOOD CONTROL IN CASE OF INVASION

LONDON, Oct. 28.

The Food Minister, Lord Woolton, explaining the work of voluntary food officers in the event of an invasion, said that if military authorities decided that a certain area was "an invasion area" all the shops in that area would be closed and stocktaking would be rapidly completed.

A voluntary food officer, either a man or a woman would know what was available and could secure proper allocation of food. The shops would then reopen.—Reuter.

BURMA INDIANS APPEAL TO M.L.A.'S

NEW DELHI, October 28

On the eve of the debate in the Legislative Assembly on the resolution on the Indo-Burma Immigration Agreement, the Burma Indian Deputation, who are here, have issued a statement emphasising points against the agreement and declaring that as it stands it is entirely unacceptable to Indians in Burma.

The Government, they say, can and should take necessary steps to secure its reconsideration and review. "We feel strongly that the Indian case might be irretrievably lost and Indian interests seriously and permanently sacrificed unless the Central Legislative Assembly strongly and unanimously back the Indian demand that there should be no restriction on any Indian moving between Burma and India other than unskilled labour and unless the Government of the country completely identify themselves on this issue with the national demand."—A.P.

Ceylon Indians' S. O. S. To Satyamurthi

NEW DELHI, Oct. 28.

Mr. S. Satyamurthi, M.L.A., (Central) President of the Indian Overseas Central Association has received the following telegram from the Ceylon Indian Congress President Mr. Perisundram:—

"If the Congress members have no chance of participating in the debate on Indo-Ceylon Report please arrange some other members to move necessary modifications, according our telegram and statement."—A. P.

LONDON, Oct. 28.

A verdict of death by misadventure was returned at the inquest on Mr. T Carlisle, formerly Consul-General in Batavia, who died after being knocked down by motor car.—Reuter.

Support To Demands Of India & Burma

"News Chronicle's" Hopes Despite Churchill's "Record"

LONDON, Oct. 28.

'The News Chronicle' in a leader on Tuesday supports Burma's request for post-war Dominion Status.

"The Burmese people are united internally so no communal problem offers an excuse for a refusal," says the paper, and adds: "We sincerely hope that Mr. Churchill's answer to Premier U Saw will be favourable but Mr. Churchill's record in these matters does not inspire confidence—or for that matter his earlier record. Repeatedly he has sidestepped India's demands for post-war Home Rule. The gain to our cause will be incalculable if the world and we could feel that we had satisfied with a categorical promise of post-war self-Government the claims of India and Burma."—Reuter.

NO IMPROVEMENT IN NELLORE

50 Houses Destroyed Due To Incendiarism

NELLORE, Oct. 28.

The communal situation in Nellore has shown no sign of improvement more cases of stabbing and assaults are reported.

Fire broke out in different localities in the town last night destroying about fifty houses in all.

Police continue their round up of hooligans and bad characters, and so far about 200 persons have been taken into custody.

The Municipal and District Board offices have also been closed.

The Priestly Enquiry into the Dasara disturbances concluded this afternoon. Arguments will be submitted by the parties in writing before the end of this week.—A. P.

BARBED WIRES IN DACCA STREETS

Forty-eight-Hour Curfew Continues In Affected Localities

DACCA, October 28

The situation in Dacca is gradually improving. No incident of stabbing or assault was reported from yesterday till 2 p.m. to-day.

Barbed wire fencings are being put up at the extremities of the lanes throughout the city leaving space for one man to pass.

Nawabganj and Laibag areas are still under the curfew order for 48 hours which was enforced in Nazira Bazar and Bangshall also yesterday.—United Press.

Ban On Assembly Of Persons Extended

AMRAOTI, Oct. 28.

Owing to continuance of communal tension in Amraoti, the order prohibiting the Assembly of more than five persons under Section 144 Cr. P.C., which expired to-day has been extended for one month by the District Magistrate.—A. P.

Judge Cross-Examined In "Hindstan Times" Case

(Continued from page 6)

had no connection with the Congress; about 1921, Mr. Swami had been convicted under Section 124—I.P.C. and was acquitted.

This concluded Mr Vidyarthi's cross-examination.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru opening the arguments on behalf of Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Singhal dealt with the events chronologically as they appeared from the evidence starting from August 3, when the news item appeared in the "Hindustan Times" and ending with September 9, when the case came up for hearing before the High Court.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru said that in a case like this when the events were crowded and one had to depend upon one's memory and conversations, a broad view of facts had to be taken.

From the evidence produced and Mr. Swami's evidence was conclusive on this point if it was held that Mr. Vidyarthi did in substance make the statement alleged to him, then Mr. Singhal only did his duty in sending that news item to his paper as any correspondent would have done and that the paper would be justified in making fair comments on it.

Sir Tej Bahadur said, it was apparent that Mr. Vidyarthi was very anxious to meet Mr Singhal, and there could be two reasons for this, either Mr. Vidyarthi was anxious, because of a guilty conscience or he acted in good faith. Sir Tej Bahadur submitted that Mr. Vidyarthi had a guilty conscience.—A. P.

The Half-Column "By Dim"

For broadcast to America when Mr. Amery next graces that country with an apologia on Indian policy—The Muslim League (through Mr. Jinnah) said: "One cannot come to any other conclusion but that they do not want our assistance and our co-operation. When they talk of co-operation they mean it on such terms that no self-respecting man could accept it."

Let us see Mr. Amery broadcast that to America as the voice of the Muslim League.

* * *

It must be embarrassing to have such statements flung at you. And statements such as these must be knocking the bottom off "India is divided". Day by day the voice of India rises. Muslim League, Congress, Moderates, Liberals—they speak with one voice when they say that "no self-respecting Indian can accept your terms"

* * *

Have had two letters regarding seating arrangements and reservation in two of Bombay's cinemas, I am afraid it's not my province. Perhaps a direct appeal to the cinemas concerned may bring out a change and redress the grievances.

* * *

But without mentioning the names of the cinemas referred to I may say, for the benefit of cinema proprietors who may be so interested, that complaints have been received by me from those frequenting the cheaper seats. One complaint received from more than one source about the same cinema is to the effect that certain 9 as. seats have handkerchieves tied round them and when the doors are opened the people who get in first are told they are reserved. It amounts to this that certain members of the staff keep certain seats for friends of theirs or for certain reasons unknown and inexplicable. The Manager of the cinema is probably not aware of this practice. So I say, again without mentioning names, that cinema managers should look into this.

* * *

The other complaints refer to the condition of the seats themselves at some of our older cinema houses. Well, of course, that raises a larger question. Perhaps, the licensing authorities should look into the question of whether a cinema is in a fit condition to be licensed. Just as certain taxis are declared unfit by the Commissioner of Police, so also certain cinemas should be declared unfit. That would get a better and healthier cinemas for us.

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New I. L. O. Office-Bearers

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.

Mr. Joseph Hallsworth (Britain) has been elected chairman of the Workers Committee of the International Labour Conference.

Mr. Chu Hsueh-Fan, President of the Chinese Association of Labour, has been appointed Vice-Chairman. Mr. Li Ping-Heng becomes Vice-Chairman of the Government Committee, of which the Chilean Labour Minister, M. Munoz, is chairman. Mr. Shau King-Wei has been appointed Vice-Chairman of the Employers' Committee of which Mr. Henry Harriman (United States) is chairman.—Reuter.

ADULTERATION OF GHEE AND BUTTER.

Five persons were convicted and fined for adulteration of ghee and butter by the various city courts. The fines ranged from Rs. 20 to Rs. 150.

Leaguers Quit Central Assembly

Jinnah's Charge Against Govt.'s Policy

Expansion Of Viceroy's Executive Won't Help War Effort

FATE OF KAZMI'S ADJOURNMENT: DR. DESHMUKH'S RETORT

NEW DELHI, October 28.

The Muslim League Party walked out of the Central Assembly this morning after a statement was made by Mr. Jinnah declaring that they were doing so in order to register their protest against the way in which the Muslim offer of co-operation in the war effort had been completely ignored By Government.

"WE HAVE SAID FROM THE BEGINNING," HE DECLARED, "THAT THE MAJOR ISSUES WILL BE CONSIDERED LATER, AND WITHIN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE PRESENT EXISTING CONSTITUTION YOU MUST, IF YOU WANT OUR CO-OPERATION, ASSOCIATE US NOW WITH A REAL, GENUINE SHARE IN THE AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNMENT NOT ONLY IN THE CENTRE BUT IN THE PROVINCES."

IGNORING THAT AND IGNORING EVERYTHING ELSE THAT HAD GONE BEFORE, GOVERNMENT HAD COME TO ITS DECISION ABOUT THE EXPANSION OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

THAT WON'T HELP YOU

"We have come to this conclusion now", said Mr. Jinnah, "in the hope that the protest that we are registering to-day will open the eyes of the blind and ears of the deaf (cheers) and that you will have the wisdom and the statesmanship to revise this scheme of yours, for I assure you, this will not help you by a little in the intensification of the war effort.

On the contrary it is going to harm you. It will hurt your cause. I am interested in it as much as anybody else. I advise you to think over it."

We Are Not Responsible

"Finally, I say to the Government, Hon. members and the press and the public outside: "Please do not misrepresent us. It is Government and Government alone that is responsible. One cannot come to any other conclusion but that they do not want our assistance and co-operation. When they talk of co-operation they mean it on such terms that no self-respecting man could accept it."

Mr. Jinnah earlier in his statement, said: "So far as the Moslem League was concerned, we have made it clear that, apart from major issues, from the beginning we were ready and willing to render every possible assistance in the prosecution of the war.

Without prejudice to the adjustment of larger issues later on, we were willing as far back as November 1939 to consider the proposal of the Viceroy to bring about an honourable and workable arrangement in the provincial field and in the centre."

When the announcement of August 8, 1940 came, the spirit and even the letter of it was almost exactly what the Moslem League had urged. The League welcomed it; but they were not told what the total number of the Expanded Executive Council would be, what would be the portfolios and what would be their powers.

Nothing was told them except that their representatives would be two.

"Was that," he asked, "the spirit in which to treat those who were to be co-sharers in the authority of Government and in the danger which we were willing to face? (cheers).

No self-respecting man could have accepted that offer."

NOT THE RIGHT THING

Government thereafter went to sleep, all the time telling us: "You are not co-operating." "I have always admitted there is not the slightest doubt that there is great danger and menace to India. We have repeatedly said, as far back as June, 1940, that the efforts you were making and the schemes suggested by the Government of India and the Commander-in-Chief were not sufficient, and that you must increase and intensify your war effort. But all we were told was: 'You are in danger. Think what will happen to you.' Why can't you say: 'Think what will happen to us all, to you and to us both?' I want you to enter into that spirit."

Then came the decision announced on July 22, and the manner in which it was undertaken and carried through ignoring everybody. "Why ignore us?" he asked.

SIR F. JAMES POSER

Mr. Jinnah made his statement after Sir Frederick James had made his motion for reference to a Select Committee of the Bill to limit to a maximum of Rs. 50 per annum the amount payable in respect of any person by way of tax on professions, trades callings or employments.

As Mr. Jinnah was referring to the Viceroy's offer of November 1939. Sir Frederick James on a point of order said that without intending to interrupt Mr. Jinnah he would point out that the statement he was going to make had nothing to do with the Bill under discussion. Sir Frederick asked whether in the allotment of further time for the discussion of the Bill, the Chair would take into consideration the time that Mr. Jinnah might take up in making his statement.

The Chair pointed out that Mr. Jinnah had said he would be brief. Mr. Jinnah, added the President was explaining the reasons for the decision which he and his party had arrived at not to take part in the session. Mr. Jinnah was entitled to speak on the motion, but he was not dealing with the merits of the motion. What he was saying was he did not want to participate in this debate or in any debate in the session. He had to explain to the House his conduct in abstaining from the proceedings.

Mr. Jinnah expressed gratitude to the Chair for clarifying the position and said he and his party owed a duty to the House to explain their decision. Explanations of that type had been made before and Sir Frederick had sufficient experience of the House to realise that.

Mr. Jinnah then proceeded with his statement. (given earlier).

DEBATE ON JAMES' MOTION

After the Moslem League members had walked out, the debate on Sir Frederick James' motion was continued.

Dr. Bannerjee and Mr. A. C. Dutta opposed the Bill on the ground that it would result in serious curtailment of the resources of local bodies.

Sir Henry Gidney supporting the Bill said that it was intended to give relief from double taxation, and not only the rich man but also the middle-class man and the poor man would benefit from it.

Mr. Baijnath Bajoria, who supported the Bill, said that the loss that would be sustained by the local bodies would really be insignificant. For instance in the case of the Calcutta Corporation, whose annual income was two crores fifty lakhs of rupees, the loss sustained would be Rs. 232,000 or less than 1 per cent.

Sir Jeremy Raisman, Finance Member, supported the Bill on behalf of Government. He said that the tax on professions was really in the nature of 'double income-tax'. He felt, however, that some time should be given to the local bodies to make necessary adjustments to meet any loss that might be sustained. It would not be difficult for the local bodies to adjust themselves to their available resources.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta declared that the Bill was fundamentally wrong in principle and retrogressive.

SMOKE-SCREENS WON'T DO

Sir Frederick James before replying to the debate on his motion made a reference to Mr. Jinnah's statement and said that the offer of full co-operation to which Mr. Jinnah had alluded brought to mind an echo of the offer of unconditional support from one who, if he might say so, was even greater than Mr. Jinnah.

The dangers, Sir Frederick went on, were now so real and imminent that there could be no middle course; people either helped or they did not help. Those who endeavoured to stand aside as spectators of the scene were definitely not helping. He did not doubt that members of the Muslim League were sincere in their desire to help but their place was in the House and not sulking in the lobbies and purlieus of New Delhi (laughter). No body could shirk the duty and no amount of juggling on the part of Mr. Jinnah with constitutional arguments could effectively smoke-screen the duty which lay before every man and every community.

SINGULARLY UNFORTUNATE

Sir Frederick considered it singularly unfortunate that when for the first time in constitutional history in the country, the Government of India contained a large majority of Indians drawn from the best elements of India's public life, one of the great parties should have chosen to stage a protest and followed somewhat late in the day a method which the Congress party had made familiar in politics during the last twenty years. "Giving Mr. Jinnah's words every weight which they deserve, we are forced to the conclusion that he and his reluctant friends staged not a protest or a gesture but a definite declaration of non-assistance in the prosecution of the war and that means not only a declaration of non-assistance to their own countrymen, who lately have had the courage to take up the exceedingly heavy responsibilities of office but a refusal of support to members of his and other communities, who to-day are training in India or actually fighting overseas to defend not only India but freedom everywhere—freedom that he may preach in peace."

He deeply regretted the action on the part of the Muslim League. He hoped that those young men who were training to equip themselves for the war, would when they come back from active service, be prepared to forgive and forget their elders.

"May I urge", he said, "the three parties which remain (Congress Nationalists, Independents and Europeans) to determine to uphold such Parliamentary traditions as we have in this House, to join hands in assisting and criticising this Government, join hands in assisting in every possible way in the effective prosecution of the war and restoring that unity in this country, the absence of which is such an exceedingly dangerous factor in the present situation."

Sir Frederick James' motion was passed by 42 votes to seven.

HINDU WOMEN'S RIGHTS

A number of motions relating to bills on Hindu Women's rights were dealt with including two by Dr. G. V. Deshmukh (Congress Party) who was specially present for the occasion.

Mr. Govind Deshmukh, Congress Nationalist, first moved reference to a Select Committee of his bill to remove legal disabilities under Hindu Law in respect of marriage between Hindus.

SULTAN AHMED OPTIMISTIC

Sir Sultan Ahmed, Law Member, speaking on the motion took the opportunity to extend a cordial welcome to Dr. Deshmukh and said he was speaking not only on behalf of the members of the House but was representing the views of the new Indian members, who had come to be members of the Government of India. The ambitions of these Indian members, he said, was to serve the country and in that ambition they would have to seek the assistance not only of those who were in the House but those who had kept away from it. "It is such a relief", he said, "to find among us at least one person, who has had the courage to come and we hope he will give us help not only today but during the whole session (Cheers). We hope he will persuade other members of the party to which he belongs to give the assistance that we really need."

As regards the bill itself he pointed out that a majority of orthodox Hindu opinion in the country was dead against it and it had met with strong opposition from other quarters also. The Committee on Hindu Women's rights presided over by Sir B. N. Rau had already issued a report which had certainly met with approval of people inside and outside the House and he was sure that the objects of the present Bill would be seriously considered by that Committee, whose further report would, he hoped, be before the House before the budget session.

If, however, the Bill was pressed, Government would have no alternative but to oppose it on the ground of the strong opposition from the orthodox section of the Hindu community and of the fact that it would be considered more appropriately by the Rau Committee.

Mr. Deshmukh in view of the assurances contained in the Law Member's speech withdrew his motion, making it clear that in withdrawing his moton he was not withdrawing the Bill itself, which he said should be kept in being in case it became necessary to proceed with it later.

Dr. Deshmukh moving reference to Select Committee of his Bill to give Hindu married women a right to separate residence and maintenance under certain circumstances, thanked the Law Member for his kind words and said: "Not only the new Indian members but all Indian members on the Government benches will always have the support of myself and of my party. They will have the support so long as we are convinced, as I am convinced, that they are really working for the welfare of my country. I don't make this distinction, where my country's welfare is concerned, even between Indians and Europeans.' He left it to Europeans to talk of European Peace and European war and European survival.

DESHMUKH RETORT

Referring to those who argued that no political progress was possible in India unless the communities came together, he asked: "Why don't you wait till we fraternise and come together, before you take our blood and our money for the war? If for doing something good to my country you must wait till the minorities and majorities come together, why don't you wait till then for draining our blood?"

Sir Frederick James. Is the Hon. Member making a statement preliminary to a walk-out? (laughter).

Dr. Deshmukh: It may be a statement preliminary to a coming in, which may be very uncomfortable to you. (More laughter).

He went on to affirm sympathy with the new members of the Executive Council and said: "Let me assure the Leader of the House and the Law Member that when we remain absent it can only be out of the conviction that it is good for the country. If it is for the good of our country to come in, we will come in."

Referring to the motion, he expressed doubts if it was desirable to wait for the perfect or ideal bill to be produced by the Hindu Law Committee.

Sir Sultan Ahmed repeated the assurance that he would do his best to bring the Bill under the Hindu Law Committee's consideration.

Mr. B. N. Bajoria representing orthodox opinion opposed all interference with Hindu Law.

Sir Henry Gidney giving hearty support to the Bill said that Dr. Deshmukh deserved congratulations from the House not only for

(Continued on page 9)

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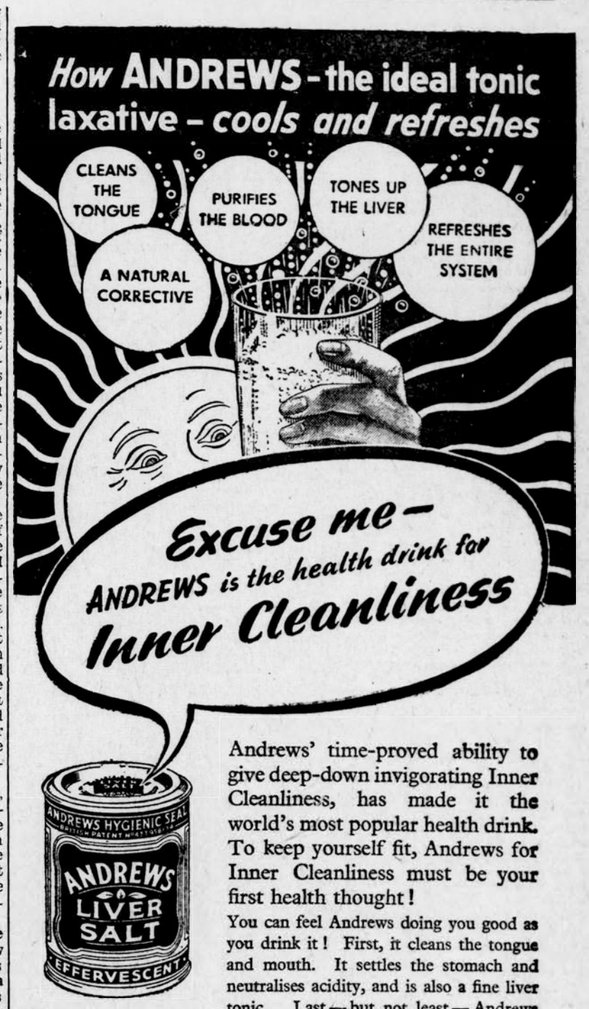

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MUTT AND JEFF—What Jeff Doesn't Know About Chickens Would Fill a Book — By BUD FISHER

Shooting Has Begun, Declares Roosevelt

(Continued from page 10)

by orators sent out by the Nazi Government.

In place of the Bible the "Mein Kampf" will be imposed and enforced as the Holy Writ. And in place of the Cross of Christ will be put two symbols—the Swastika and the naked sword. The god of blood and iron will take the place of the God of love and mercy.

These grim truths which I have told you of the present and future plans of Hitlerism will, of course, be hotly denied to-morrow in the controlled press and radio of the Axis powers.

Isolationists Attacked

So, some Americans will continue to insist that Hitler's plans need not worry us—and that we should not concern ourselves with anything that goes on beyond rifle shot of our own shores.

The protestations of these American citizens—a few in number will as usual be paraded with applause through the Axis press and radio in the next few days in an effort to convince the world that the majority of Americans are opposed to their duly chosen Government and in reality are only waiting to jump on Hitler's bandwaggon when it comes this way.

Better World When Hitlerism Is Crushed

The motive of such Americans is not the point at issue. It is that Nazi propaganda continues in desperation to seize upon such isolated statements as proof of American disunity. The Nazis have made up their own list of modern American heroes. Fortunately a short list.

I am glad that it does not contain my name. All of us, Americans of all opinions, are faced with the choice between the kind of world we want to live in and the kind of world which Hitler and his hordes would impose upon us.

None of us wants to burrow under the ground and live in total darkness like a comfortable mole.

The forward march of Hitlerism can be stopped and will be stopped. Very simply, very bluntly—we are pledged to pull our own car in the destruction of Hitlerism.

And when we have helped to end the curse of Hitlerism we shall help to establish a new peace which will give to decent people everywhere a better chance to live and prosper in security, in freedom and in faith

Merchantmen Must Be Armed

As each day passes, we are producing and providing more and more arms for men fighting on the actual battle fronts. That is our primary task.

And it is the nation's will that these vital arms and supplies of all kinds shall neither be locked up in American harbours nor sent to the bottom of the sea. It is the nation's will that America shall deliver the goods, in open defiance of that will, our ships have been sunk, our sailors killed.

I say we do not propose to take this lying down. Our determination not to take it lying down has been expressed in the orders to the American navy to shoot on sight. Those orders stand.

Furthermore, the House of Representatives has already voted to amend part of the Neutrality Act of 1937, to-day outmoded by the force of violent circumstances.

The Senate Committee of Foreign Relations has also recommended the elimination of other hamstringing provisions of that act.

That is the course of honesty and realism. Our American merchantships must be armed to defend themselves against the rattle snakes of the sea. Our American merchantships must be free to carry our American goods into the harbours of our friends.

Navy In Action

"Our American merchantships must be protected by our American navy. It can never be doubted that the goods will be delivered by this nation whose navy believes in the tradition of 'damn the torpedoes, full speed ahead'.

Our national will must speak from every assembly line of our vast industrial machine.

Our factories and our shipyards are constantly expanding. Our output must be multiplied.

It cannot be hampered by the selfish obstruction of the small but dangerous minority of industrial managers who hold out for extra profits or for 'business as usual'.

It cannot be hampered by the selfish obstruction of the small but dangerous minority of labour leaders who are a menace to the true cause of labour itself as well as to the nation as a whole

The lines of our essential defence now cover all the seas and to meet the extraordinary demands of to-day and to-morrow, our navy grows to an unprecedented size.

OUR NAVY IS READY FOR ACTION. INDEED, UNITS OF IT IN THE ATLANTIC PATROL ARE IN ACTION. ITS OFFICERS AND MEN NEED NO PRAISE FROM ME."

We Must Crush Hitler

"Our new army is steadily developing the strength needed to withstand the aggressors. Our soldiers of to-day are worthy of the proudest traditions of the United States army.

But traditions cannot shoot down dive-bombers or destroy tanks. That is why we must and shall provide for every one of our soldiers equipment and weapons—not merely as good but better than that of any other army on earth.

And we are doing that right now. For this—and all of this—is what we mean by total national defence.

The first objective of that defence is to stop Hitler. He can be stopped and can be compelled to dig in. And that will be the beginning of his downfall, because dictatorship of Hitler type can live only through continuing victories—increasing conquests.—Reuter.

The facts of 1918 are proof that the mighty German army and the tired German people can crumble rapidly and go to pieces when they are faced with successful resistance.

Nobody who admires the qualities of courage and endurance can fail to be stirred by the fulfledged resistance of the Russian people.

The Russians are fighting for their own soil and their own homes. Russia needs all kinds of help—planes, tanks, guns, medical supplies and other aids—towards a successful defence against the invaders.

From the United States and from Britain she is getting great quantities of those essential supplies.

But the needs of her huge army will continue and our help and the British help will have to continue.

The other day the Secretary of State of the United States was asked by a Senator to justify our giving aid to Russia. His reply was 'The answer to that depends on how anxious a person is to stop and destroy the march of Hitler in his conquest of the world. If he were anxious enough to defeat Hitler he would not worry about who was helping to defeat him.

Upon our American production falls the colossal task of equipping our own armed forces and helping to supply the British, the Russians and the Chinese. In the performance of that task we dare not fail.—Reuter.

"VICTORY HOUSE" IN MADRAS

MADRAS, Oct. 28.

A "Victory House" will shortly be opened in a central place on Mount Road where the Central Publicity Headquarters office will be housed, says a press note issued by the Director of War Publicity.

It will form a meeting place of all war workers in the city and the presidency who have been requested to co-operate in developing and extending its activities to the greatest possible extent. It is expected the "Victory House" will begin to function early next month.—A. P.

LEAGUERS QUIT CENTRAL ASSEMBLY

(Continued from page 8)

championing the cause of Hindu women but also for dissociating himself from his party today.

Dr. Deshmukh eventually withdrew his motion. He later introduced a Bill further to amend the Special Marriage Act, 1872, for certain purposes.

TWO OTHER BITTS

Two other Bills introduced were one by Mr. Govind Deshmukh to make provisions in regard to entry, residence, the acquisition, holding or disposal of property, franchise, the holding of public office, or the carrying on of any occupation, trade, business or profession in British India by persons domiciled in the British possessions on a basis of reciprocity, the other by Mr. Kazmi to provide for the appointment of persons to the office of Kazi and for performing and keeping a record of marriages among Muslims.

FATE OF KAZMI'S ADJOURNMENT

After a brief debate, the House rejected without a division Mr. Kazmi's adjournment motion to discuss the "banning of Khaksar volunteers by the Government of India and thereby hampering the development of indigenous organisations, which are a necessity for the defence of the country in times of war."

Mr. Kazmi declared it had been Government's consistent policy not to encourage any movement to organise the community for defence. This was clear from the fact that even Congress volunteer organisations, which were professedly non-violent had been banned. He asserted that even in the case of the civic guards, the distrust of Indians was evident in that the civic guards had not been given any weapons or military training.

MAXWELL'S REPLY

Sir Reginald Maxwell, Home Member, opposing the motion, dealt with the declarared objectives of the Khaksar movement and referred to the repeated conflicts between Khaksars and the police, which had led to serious loss of life both among Khaksars and among the police. As regards general policy towards volunteer organisations, of a military character Government had taken the public into confidence in 1940. The principle at issue was that Government had the right and the duty of protecting members of the community and they could not surrender that right to any self-appointed body. The very fact that such a body resorted to drilling was evidence of intention to achieve its objects by the use of force. At the same time it was pointed out that for all those who wished to offer voluntary service, the Civic Guards provided a suitable outlet. He strongly deprecated attempts at casting aspersion on the Civic Guards, the success of which, he said, had been one of the very encouraging things that had happened during this war. (Cheers). It was absurd to say that Indians were not offered opportunity to enlist themselves or train themselves.

Sardar Sant Singh and Mr. L. K. Maitra took Government to task for not taking action much earlier, although they had full knowledge of the aims and activities of the Khaksars.

After rejecting the motion the House adjourned till tomorrow.

Non-official resolutions including one relating to the Indo-Burma Agreement are on the agenda for tomorrow.—A. P.

Exchange Of Holy Books For Communal Unity

KARACHI, Oct. 27.

A novel idea to understand one another's religion through exchange of holy books and thereby bring about communal understanding was pushed through in Karachi on the occasion of the Diwali and Idd.

On the Diwali Day, Mr. Hatim A. Alavi, ex-Mayor of Karachi and Muslim leader, sent copies of the Holy Quran to his Hindu friends. In return on the Idd day, Mr. Popatlal Bhopatkar, Secretary of the Congress Party in the Sind Assembly, sent copies of the Holy Gita to Muslim friends including Mr. Hatim Alavi.—United Press.

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(6) RAO SAHEB VANDRAVAN CHHOTALAL JADAV, B.A., Banker, Chairman, Gujarat Investment Trust Ltd., Surat. Managing Director-Surat Peoples' Co-operative Bank Ltd., Surat. Director—Gujerat Safe Deposit Ltd., The Surat Dairy Co., Ltd., The Surat District Co-operative Bank Ltd., Surat. **Gopipura Main Road, Surat.**

(7) SHETH CHANDRAKUMAR KARSONDAS MOOLJI JAITHA, B.Com., Director—Indian Mercantile Insurance Co., Ltd., Director—New Piece Goods' Bazaar Co., Ltd., **54, Laxmi Building, Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.**

(8) Mr V. P VARDE, B.Com., Proprietor—Messrs. R. R. Nabar & Co., Share & Stock Brokers, Bombay. Chairman—The Swastik Safe Deposit & Investments Ltd. Aundh Mutual Life Assurance Society Ltd., Poona, G. G Dandekar Machine Works Ltd., Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd., Director—The Bank of Maharashtra Ltd. Poona: Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank Ltd., Bombay. Co-operative Insurance Society, Ltd., Bombay, Vanguard Insurance Co., Ltd., Madras, Kirloskar Bros., Ltd., Mysore. **Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.**

(9) Mr. ASHOK HIRALAL KAJI, M.Sc., Managing Director, **40A, Ridge Road, Malabar Hill, Bombay. 6.**

CONSULTING ACTUARY.
Mr. K. BALASUBRAMANYAM, B.Com., A.I.A.

BANKERS.
The Bank of India Ltd., Bombay.
The Central Bank of India Ltd., Bombay.
The National Savings Banks Ltd., Bombay.

AUDITORS.
Messrs. P. C. HANSOTIA & CO.,
Incorporated Accountants.
17, Elphinstone Circle, Fort-Bombay.

SOLICITORS.
Messrs. DHRU & CO.,
Solicitors, High Court, Bombay.
48-49, Alli Chambers, Medows Street, Fort-Bombay.

MEDICAL REFERES
Dr. K. T. GAJJAR, M.D. (Lon.) Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.
Dr. KESHAVLAL M. SHAH, M.B.B.S., Sandhurst Road, Bombay.

REGISTERED OFFICE.
"EMBASSY HOUSE",
26A, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road,
FORT-BOMBAY.

PROSPECTUS.

OBJECT AND REASONS:—

The Vasant Insurance Co., Ltd., has been started primarily with the object of carrying on Life Assurance business in all its branches and forms and also to achieve the objects as set forth in the Memorandum of Association, a copy of which is annexed herewith and forms part of this prospectus

The justification for adding one more Company to the list of those that are already in the field is that though in recent years there has been a very welcome stimulation of insurance-mindedness among the people of India, there still remain large sections of the growing population of the country untouched by insurance and there is a greater realisation of the inadequacy of the amount of policies by a large number of policy holders.

IMPORTANCE OF LIFE INSURANCE:—

Life Insurance is not a luxury or merely a desirable thing which one may go in for, if he can afford to pay for it. From the point of view of the people themselves, insurance is a primary need of man in the ever increasing risks of modern civilisation and the question of affording to pay the premium is to be judged more or less in the same manner as the question of affording to pay for foodstuffs and other necessaries of life or for educational expenses for children

Insurance is not an entertainment for enjoyment or relaxation; it is not a passing phantasy that makes you go in for it; it is not the fleeting gratification of the moment that insurance assures. It is not the present that insurance serves; it is the future that insurance preserves; insurance is the reserve fund for early untimely death and old age. It is, like education, preparation for the future. You somehow stint, save, beg or borrow to defray the expenses of education, for you know that unless the child is educated, his future is bleak and blank. Insurance is as much a prime necessity for adults as education is for children.

SCOPE:—

Progress in insurance has been very rapid during the post-war period in all countries of the world including India. A large number of Indian Insurance Companies have since then been started and several of them have been doing splendid work. Among these new Companies may be mentioned the Bombay Co-operative Insurance Society, Ltd., founded in 1930 by our Chairman Dewan Bahadur Hiralal L. Kaji which has prospered under his Chairmanship and that of his successor, during the ten years of its existence. Inspite of the progress of Indian Life Insurance it must be recognised however that India is yet very backward in the number of people insured and the amount of insurance per capita. In the advanced countries of the West about 70 per cent of the population is insured whereas in India the percentage insured is only 0.3. The amount of Insurance per head in America is Rs 3000/-, in Great Britain Rs. 2000/- in Japan Rs. 700/- even in Denmark which is largely agricultural it is Rs. 400/-. India affords the sorry spectacle of the amount of Insurance per capita being under Rs 7/- Making all allowance for the poverty of the country and the grinding indebtedness of the agricultural population, we should be justified in taking at least 5 per cent of the populations as being within the reach of insurance, and in taking Rs. 50/- as the reasonable amount of insurance per capita in India. This shows how great is the scope for Life Insurance. **Under these circumstances the spread of Life Insurance cannot but be regarded, not merely as a profit making business, but as a great mission or service to people, which by directing and compelling the flow, better and ever better of national savings from sources hitherto tapped and untapped, builds up not only a reserve fund for individuals, but a great reservoir for national savings.**

DIRECTORS:

The Company has been formed under the auspices of a strong and influential Board of Directors composed of well known businessmen of high reputation, outstanding business ability and general integrity and as such the interest of the policy holders and others will be quite safe in their hands.

DIRECTORS' QUALIFICATION AND REMUNERATION:

The number of Directors shall not be less than four and more than fifteen. The qualification of a Director, except a policy holders' Director, shall be the holding of shases, of at least the face value of Rs. 5000/- in the Company. The remuneration of a Director for attending every meeting will be a sum not more than Rs 100/- per meeting, but the Directors have agreed to take Rs. 25/- only per meeting for at least three years.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS:—

No restrictions are imposed by the Articles of Association on the Directors' powers of management and the control of the Company's affairs is vested in the Directors. The powers of Directors are however subject to any regulations not being inconsistent with the Articles of Association or the Indian Companies Act which may be made by the Company in General Meeting.

NATURE AND EXTENT OF DIRECTORS' INTEREST:

No Director, except the Managing Director and Mr. V P. Varde, is interested in any way whatsoever in the promotion of the Company except as holders of shares and to the extent to which they are entitled to remuneration as provided for in the Articles of Association of the Company i.e., attendance fees, travelling allowances, etc., and fees payable for technical or legal advice to the Company's legal and technical advisers, if they happen to be members of the Board.

Mr. Ashok Kaji is the Managing Director of the Company and is interested accordingly. Mr. V. P. Varde is the Proprietor of Messrs. R. R. Nabar and Co., who have underwritten the present issue of shares of the Company and is interested accordingly.

MANAGEMENT

The general management of the Company, subject to the control and supervision of the Board of Directors will be in the hands of the Managing Director, Mr. Ashok Hiralal Kaji who has been appointed as Managing Director in accordance with the terms of the agreement between him and the Company. Dewan Bahadur Kaji has been persuaded by the Board of Directors to become the full time Chairman of the Board, without any remuneration at present. He is well known in India and more particularly in Bombay. He was a distinguished member of the Indian Educational Service, as Professor at the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, Bombay, and latterly as Principal and Professor of Economics at the Gujarat College, Ahmedabad. He is known all over India as a leading co-operative thinker and writer, and as an eminent Indian geographer. He has been connected with Life Insurance for more than ten years. He founded the Bombay Co-operative Insurance Society Ltd., and as its chairman for the first five years of its working, was largely responsible for the success that Society has achieved. Dewan Bahadur Kaji will be indeed a tower of strength to the Company. Mr. Ashok H. Kaji, M.Sc. is a first class Graduate of the University and is an eminent mathematician. He has had a brilliant career at the University and at the Indian Civil Service Examination, Delhi secured high marks in Higher Mathematics, Economic History, Statistics and General Knowledge and gives promise of great usefulness to the Company. He has been appointed Managing Director for a period of 15 years with option to the Board to renew the appointment for a further period.

The remuneration of the Managing Director shall be Rs. 1,000—100—1,500. Mr. Ashok H. Kaji has agreed to forgo half of his remuneration for the first year, one fourth of his remuneration for the 2nd year and his increments for three years.

In addition to this remuneration, the Managing Director would also be entitled to a commission of 5 per cent. on the premium of income realised on new business and 1¼ per cent on renewal premium income.

MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION

The minimum subscription on which the Directors may proceed to allotment is 2,000 shares of the face value of Rs. 1,00,000 all of which shares the Directors themselves and their friends, have agreed to subscribe.

BROKERAGE AND COMMISSION

The Articles of Association of the Company provide for a brokerage or commission not exceeding 5 per cent to any person in consideration of procuring or agreeing to procure subscription for any shares of the Company. Messrs. R. R. Nabar and Co., Members of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association, however, have underwritten the present issue of shares of the Company on a commission of 2 per cent. In the opinion of the Directors, the resources of the underwriters are sufficient to fulfil the underwriting obligations. Brokerage of 1 per cent will be paid on share applications received through recognised brokers, bankers, investment trust companies, and approved agents.

PROMOTION FEE AND PRELIMINARY EXPENSES

No promotion fee will be paid to promoters. Preliminary expenses excluding commission on shares are estimated not to exceed Rs. 10,000 (Rupees ten thousand only).

APPLICATION FOR SHARES

Application for shares should be made on the Company's printed form attached herewith and also available at the Registered Office of the Company in Bombay together with the amount payable on application either in cash or by a crossed cheque. Our Bankers are also authorised to accept payments of the shares money on our behalf. Where no allotments are made, the deposit will be returned in full; where the number of shares allotted is less than the number of shares applied for, the balance of deposit after providing for payment in full on the shares allotted will be returned

CERTIFICATE OF SHARES

The share certificates will be ready within three months from the date of allotment.

VOTING

According to the Articles of Association of the Company, every shareholder present in person shall have one vote on a show of hands. In the case of poll, a member shall have one vote for each share held by him. Votes may be given personally or by proxy. No member may vote, act as a proxy or be reckoned in quorum whilst any call or other sum shall be due and payable to the Company in respect of any of the shares of the Company.

The Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company as also the agreement with the Managing Director and the underwriters may be inspected at the Registered Office of the Company during business hours and any person subscribing to the Company's shares shall be deemed to have full notice thereof.

A copy of the Memorandum and Articles of Association may be supplied to any member on payment of Re. 1/- only.

Copies of the prospectus and forms of application for shares may be obtained at the registered office of the Company or from its Bankers or authorised Brokers.

Dated this, the 25th day of October 1941.

(Sd.) HIRALAL L. KAJI,
KRISHNARAJ M. D. THACKERSEY.
SANKALCHAND G. SHAH
M. B. BILLIMORIA.
M. A. FAZALBHOY.
V. C. JADAV.
CHANDRAKUMAR KARSONDAS MOOLJI JAITHA
V. P. VARDE.
ASHOK H. KAJI.

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Wednesday, October 29, 1941

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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LO! DECKS ARE CLEARED!

U. S. READY TO FACE GREATEST CHALLENGE

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

Roosevelt Denounces Isolationists

DECLARES, 'SHOOTING HAS BEGUN'

REVEALS SECRET NAZI PLAN TO DOMINATE AMERICA

Mein Kampf To Replace Bible; Swastika And Naked Sword To Replace All Religious Symbols

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.

President Roosevelt at a Navy Day banquet to-day said "We wished to avoid shooting but shooting has started and history has recorded who fired the first shot.

The President referring to the destroyer "Kearney" said, "Hitler's torpedo was directed at every American". President Roosevelt said that the United States stood ready to face the newest and greatest challenge.

President continued, "I have in my possession a secret map made by Hitler's Government. It is a map of South America and a part of Central America as Hitler proposes to reorganise it. "We Americans have cleared our decks and taken our battle stations".

President Roosevelt advocated the revising of the Neutrality Act not only to arm merchantships but to let them carry American goods into the harbours of friends. Merchantships must be protected by the navy.

Full Text Of Speech

In a speech at the Navy Day banquet here to-night President Roosevelt said, "I proclaimed to the American people the existence of state of unlimited emergency and since then much has happened.

Our army and navy are temporarily in Iceland in defence of the Western Hemisphere. Hitler has attacked shipping in areas close to the Americas throughout the Atlantic and many American owned merchantships have been sunk in the high seas.

One American destroyer was attacked on September 4 and another destroyer was attacked and hit on October 17. Eleven brave loyal men of our navy were killed by the Nazis.

We have wished to avoid shooting but shooting has started. History has recorded who fired the first shot. In the long run, however, all that matters is who fired the last shot.

"America has been attacked. The U. S. S. "Kearney" is not just a navy ship. She belongs to every man, woman and child of this nation.

Illinois, Alabama, California, North Carolina, Ohio, Louisiana, Texas, Pennsylvania, Georgia, Arkansas, New York, Virginia—those are the home states of the honoured dead and wounded of the "Kearney".

Hitler's torpedo was directed at every American whether he lives on our sea-coasts or the innermost part of the nation, far from the seas and far from the guns and tanks of the marching hordes of the would-be conquerors of the world.

The purpose of Hitler's attack was to frighten the American people off the highseas—to force us to make a trembling retreat.

This is not the first time he has misjudged the American spirit. That spirit is now aroused.

If our national policy were to be dominated by the fear of shooting, then all our ships and those of our sister republics would have to be tied up in the home harbours.

Our navy would remain respectfully—abjectly—behind any line which Hitler might decree on any ocean as his own dictated version of his war zone.

Naturally we reject that absurd insulting suggestion. We reject it because of our own self-interest, our own self-respect, our own good faith. Freedom of the seas is now, as it was always been, a fundamental policy of this Government.

Secret Map Seized

Hitler has often protested that his plans for conquest do not extend across the Atlantic ocean. His submarines and raiders prove otherwise. So does the entire design of his new world order.

For example, I have in my possession a secret map made in Germany by Hitler's Government—by planners of the new world order. It is a map of South America and a part of Central America as Hitler proposes to reorganise it.

To-day in this area there are 14 separate countries. Geographical experts in Berlin, however, have ruthlessly obliterated all existing boundary lines and have divided South America into five vassal states to bring the whole continent under their domination.

And they have also so arranged it that the territory of one of these new puppet states includes the Republic of Panama and our great lifeline, the Panama Canal.

This map makes it clear that the Nazi design is not only against South America but against the United States itself.

Your Government has in its possession another document made in Germany by Hitler's Government. It is a detailed plan which, for obvious reasons, the Nazis did not wish to publicise just yet, but which they are ready to impose on a dominated world—if Hitler wins.

Religions To Be Abolished By Nazis

It is a plan to abolish all existing religions—Protestant, Catholic, Mahommedan, Hindu, Buddhist, Jewish alike.

The property of all churches will be seized by the Reich. The Cross and all other symbols of religion are to be forbidden. The clergy are to be for ever silenced under penalty of the concentration camps where even now so many fearless men are being tortured, because they placed God above Hitler.

In place of the churches of our civilisation there is to be set up an international Nazi Church—a Church which will be served

(Continued on page 9)

"OPEN UP A WESTERN FRONT"

Halifax Heckled At New York Rally

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.

Lord Halifax was greeted with shouts of "Open Up a Western Front" during his speech at the Russian War Relief Rally here.

He was often interrupted with similar remarks. Applause also halted his address several minutes.

In his address Lord Halifax created the slogan "There Will Always Be A Russia."

Whatever the outcome of battle he said "There will always be a Russia fortified, sustained and preserved by the devotion of her people."—Reuter.

Republican Opposes Repeal Of Neutrality

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.

Republican Senator Vandenberg opposed the bill to revise the Neutrality Act which he described as "a disingenuous preface to a two-ocean shooting war", predicting that the first American ship to carry American crew and American cargo through the European combat zone would "shortly be followed by the first American transport taking second American expeditionary force to Europe"—Reuter.

Execution Of Hostages Suspended

VICHY, October 27.

General von Stulpnagel, Commander of the German-occupying troops has advised the Vichy Government that he has suspended the executions of the hundred hostages at Nantes and Bordeaux.—Reuter.

Japan May Present Demands To Russia

Aggression Unlikely At Present Time

CHUNGKING, Oct. 28.

Japan will not move southward or northward but may present certain demands to Russia at an opportune moment, declares the "Central Daily News", the official organ of the Chinese Government, in a special article on Monday.

Discussing a possible new Japanese aggression, the paper says that the only time for Japan to expand south was at the time of the French collapse.

Now with the strengthening of the defences of Britain, United States, Australia and the Netherlands East Indies in the South Seas, Japan knows she has no chance.

At the same time, fighting between Japan and Soviet forces at Nomonhan on the Soviet-Manchukuo border three years ago revealed that the mechanisation of the Japanese army was far inferior to that of the Red Army.

Therefore, the article declares, Japan is not likely to take the risk of launching an offensive against Siberia.—Reuter.

Evacuation Of Calcutta Discussed

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

The question of evacuation of the citizens of Calcutta by means of various transport services connecting the city with the districts in case of emergency was discussed a a conference held at the Bengal Secretariat to-day. Mr. N. V. H. Symons, Additional Secretary, Public Health and Local Self-Government, Bengal presiding.—A. P.

Singapore As Barrier To Japanese Ambitions

LONDON, Oct. 28.

After enlarging on the importance of Singapore as a barrier to Japanese ambitions "the Times" draws attention to the fact "it also holds out a hand to the friendly fortress of Manila, the last of the chain of American fortresses and bases stretching across the Pacific".

The paper adds, "Mention was made of indirect aid to Russia in the Far East.

May it not be that there is opportunity for aid more direct. Is it not possible that a firm and uncompromising unity of purpose between Great Britain and the United States in these waters may serve to restrain Japan from taking that last step which Germany is urging upon her—an attack on Russia's Far Eastern territory.

If they are prepared to combine their efforts to this end they possess between them no inconsiderable power to give tangible support to their policy".—Reuter.

Br. Fighters Attack N. France

LONDON, Oct. 27.

British fighters have been extremely active to-day (Monday). An Air Ministry communique says "Our fighters have carried out a number of offensive patrols over Northern France and the Belgian Coast to-day. During these operations enemy ships barges and targets of land were attacked.—Reuter.

(Continued from col. 7)

this connection which is only to create a rift in the ranks of Mussalmans."

RIOTS DEPLORED

(2) This meeting of the Council of the All-India Muslim League deeply deplores the serious riots at Amraoti and Nellore, which clearly indicate that they were not merely the outcome of sudden communal outbreaks, but were the result of calculated design to undermine the morale of the Muslims in areas where they are in microscopic minority. In view of these riots and several others in other provinces, the Council urges upon the Government to forthwith devise strong measures to check the growing tendency of lawlessness and terrorism of the Hindu majority and to afford effective protection to the Muslim minorities in the Provinces."

COLLECTION OF FUNDS

Another resolution appointed a committee to recommend and report on a scheme for collection and proper administration of funds accruing from Zakat Fitra and the sale of skins of qurbani.—A.P.

Resolution Against Huq Dropped

NECESSARY ACTION, IF ANY, TO BE TAKEN AFTER RECEIVING HIS EXPLANATION

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27.

The Council of the All-India Muslim League and its Working Committee concluded their sessions at 11 p.m. to-day after passing two non-official resolutions and after confirming two other resolutions of the Working Committee including one relating to Mr. Fazlul Huq.

The resolution demanding that the portfolio of Haj in the Governor-General's Council should always be under a Mussalman was rejected. It was pointed out by the Opposition that the League after having expressed no confidence in the Muslim members of the Governor-General's Council and after declaring them unrepresentative of the Indian Musalmans, could not demand that the portfolio of Haj should be entrusted to one of them. As a matter of fact the League, said they, had asked that no Mussalman should serve on the Governor-General's Council.

The resolutions relating to the collection of a League Fund of Rs. 10 lakhs and to the efforts at recruitment of Imams to Muslim League were dropped for want of seconders.

In adjourning the session 'sine die', Mr. Jinnah declared that the Muslim India and the Muslim League were marching on and no power could stop their onward march.—A. P.

HUQ'S RESIGNATION AND AFTER

Full Text Of League Working Committee's Resolution

NEW DELHI, Oct. 27.

The following is the full text of the resolution of the Working Committee of All-India Muslim League, which was subsequently confirmed by the Council:—

"The Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League considered the letter dated September 8th, addressed to the Secretary of the All-India Muslim League, by Mr. Fazlul Huq, tendering his resignation from the Working Committee and the Council of the All-India Muslim League, and also the letter of Mr. Fazlul Huq, dated October 26th, received to-day in which he says:—

"I feel that the matter relating to my letter addressed to you (Secretary of the All-India Muslim League) should be disposed of in my absence. My presence in the discussion may put some members of the League in an awkward position. I myself will be put in an awkward position if I were to be present at the time the criticisms are made when this letter comes up for discussion. I shall be grateful if you convey my regrets to the President that I shall not be able to attend the meeting."

"UNTRUE ALLEGATIONS"

The Working Committee consider that the following allegations contained in Mr. Fazlul Huq's letter are untrue, offensive and cast serious aspersions on the President, Working Committee and the Council of the League and Muslim Leaguers of the Provinces where Muslims are in minority:—

1. 'I maintain that this action of the President was unconstitutional in the highest degree'.

2. 'The Working Committee endorsed this action of the President because they had no alternative before them. If they had refused to ratify the President's action it would have amounted to a vote of no-confidence in the President and this contingency the Working Committee were not prepared to face. It is for this reason that the Working Committee passed the resolution, a copy of which you have forwarded to me calling upon me to resign unconditionally from the National Defence Council.'

3. 'But before I conclude I wish to record a most emphatic protest against the manner in which Muslim interests of Bengal and the Punjab are being imperilled by Muslim Leaguers in the Muslim Minorities Provinces".

4. 'As a mark of protest against the arbitrary use of powers vested in its President, I beg to tender my resignation from the membership of the Working Committee and the Council of the All-India Muslim League. Much as I deplore this course, I feel that I cannot usefully continue to be a member of a body which shows scant courtesy to provincial leaders and which arrogates to itself the functions which ought to be exercised by provincial executives.

5 'The President of the All-India Muslim League has singularly failed to discharge the heavy responsibility of his office in constitutional and reasonable manner".

"OMNIPOTENT."

6. 'Recent events have forcibly brought home to me that the interests of Muslim India are being sub-ordinated to the wishes to a single individual, who seeks to rule as omnipotent over the destiny of 33 millions of Muslims in the province of Bengal, who occupy the key position in Muslim India".

WITHDRAW ALLEGATIONS.

The Working Committee, therefore, calls upon Mr. Fazlul Huq to withdraw these allegations and express his regret within ten days of the receipt of this resolution by him. On the expiry of this specified time, the Working Committee will decide what action is called for after considering any explanation that Mr. Fazlul Huq may offer either in writing or in person, and for this purpose and for any other business, the Working Committee will meet at its Central Office at 11 a.m. on November 16th.—A. P.

EXPANDED COUNCIL

League Criticises Govt. Policy

The following resolution was passed by the Council of the Muslim League on Monday:—

"This meeting of the Council of the All-India Muslim League, while endorsing the decision of the Working Committee and the steps taken by the President of the All-India Muslim League in connection with the expansion of the Executive Council of H. E. the Viceroy and the so-called National Defence Council, congratulates the Working Committee and the President on their decision and proper steps taken in the matter, and severely condemns the action of Hon. Dr. Sir Syed Sultan Ahmad and Begum Shah Nawaz, in refusing to accept the mandate of the Working Committee and in insisting on remaining on the said Councils in flagrant disregard of the wishes of the Mussalmans.

"This Council further declares that the Mussalmans taken in the Expanded Council of H. E. the Viceroy and the so-called National Defence Council are in no way representative, of, and cannot in any way represent the interests of Mussalmans.

"This Council further condemns the attitude of the Government in

(Continued in col. 5)

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE AND THE FLYING SQUAD

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